THE

North-Carolina Standard

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY—*Two Dollars per annum*, in advance, or within the first month; Two Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—*Four Dollars per annum*, in advance or within the first month; Four Dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

Terms of Advertising.

Advertisements not exceeding *fourteen lines* will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge. Our charges for ADVERTISING BY THE YEAR are as follows:

One square,	6 months,	(14 lines to a square,)		$ 10
"	12 "	"	"	18
Two squares,	6 months,	"	"	15
"	12 "	"	"	25
Three squares,	6 months,	"	"	20
"	12 "	"	"	30

A limited number of advertisements will be taken for the *Weekly* paper, but no deduction will be made on any but yearly advertisements—these will be inserted at one-fourth less than the regular charge.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines, will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for $6 for six months, or $10 for twelve months; or in both papers for $10 for six months, or $15 for twelve months.

☞ The paper will be sent to advertisers for six months or by the year, free of charge.

*** Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by mail, and at his risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

A. M. MCPHEETERS, H. CHISELIN, J. W. MARTIN.

A. M. McPHEETERS, & CO.

Wholesale Grocers,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office at No. 6, Roanoke Square,

NORFOLK, VA.

REFERENCES:

THOMAS P. DEVEREUX, Esq., Halifax, N. C.
GEO. W. MORDECAI, Pres't Bank of the State of N. C. } 3 each.
C. DEWEY, Cashier " " " "
W. H. JONES, Cashier Bank of Cape Fear.
L. O'B. BRANCH, President Raleigh and Gaston Road.
Messrs. Reid & Soutter, } *Norfolk.*
Dr. N. C. Whitehead, } 2 each.
Pres't Farmer's B'k of Va.
Alex. Bell, Esq.
Messrs. Spence & Reid, *Baltimore.*
" B. Blossom & Son, *New York.*

September 16, 1853. 87—

"SKY LIGHT!" EVANS & COOKE, *No. 29, Cheap Place,* Have received their entire Fall purchase of Goods, which are now open for inspection.

We deem it unnecessary to speak of their cheapness, as it is perfectly understood py ALL that Evans & Cooke believe in quick sales and short profits, and, as usual, are ahead of all competition. EVANS & COOKE.

Sept. 12. 86—

LADIES' DRESS GOODS. HEAVY RICH Plaid Silks.
Heavy Brocade Silks.
Heavy Plain Silks.
Black and Blue Watered Silks.
Black Gro de Rhine Silks.
French De Lanes, Plain and Figured.
Do Cashmere, do do
Plaid Raw Silks.
French and English Merinos.
95 pieces cheap DeLane. EVANS & COOKE.
Sept. 12. 86—

PAINTS AND OILS.—A VERY LARGE SUPPLY of all kinds of PAINTS, OILS, and VARNISHES to hand and for sale, lower than can be bought elsewhere, on the most accommodating terms by P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

WINDOW GLASS.—A LARGE SUPPLY OF ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES, kept on hand or ordered, to suit any size sash at very low rates.

Also, a good supply of PUTTY. Dealers will please give me a chance to fill their orders before buying elsewhere, if they want good bargains. P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

CIGARS AND CHEWING TOBACCO.—THE clovers' of the WEED will be glad to hear that the subscriber has received an invoice of Superior Cigars—fine Cut and Lump Chewing Tobacco, various brands, and some Smoking Tobacco, as fragrant as they can find anywhere.
P. F. PESCUD.
Sept. 12, 1853. 86—

RED LARD OIL IS NOW USED BY MANY persons in preference to TRAIN OIL because it is just as good, and much cheaper. A supply for sale very low at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STATE BONDS WANTED.—$3,000 IN STATE BONDS WANTED. Apply at the Standard Office.
Sept. 23, 1853. 89—

LYON'S RAT PILLS AND SALVE. DON'T be annoyed any longer with rats, when you can extirminate them by giving Rat Pills, or greasing their food with Coster's Salve, which you will find at PESCUD'S.

SADDLER, FERTH & ROSS' MUSTARD. A large Case of this Mustard—which is considered the best in the world—by many persons—is just received at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

GLAZIERS' DIAMONDS AND KNIVES.—In Store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

LYON'S RAT PILLS, THE MOST EFFECTUAL remedy ever used for the destruction of Rats, Mice, &c. erby WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

EXTRACTS FOR FLAVORING.—Rose, Vanilla, Orange, Lemon, Butter Almond, Cinnamon and Pine Apple in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

TABLE SALT.—VERY FINE AND WHITE in small bags, in store and for sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

CORN STARCH.—A FRESH SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

DEPILATORY.—FOR REMOVING SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, for sale by WILLIAS & HAYWOOD.

CHLORINE TOOTH WASH STANDS UNRIVALLED for cleansing the mouth and preserving the teeth and gums. For sale at WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD'S.

COD LIVER OIL.—A FRESH SUPPLY of Rushton, Clark & Co.'s just to hand, at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

FLOUR.—SUPERIOR FAMILY FLOUR, OF NEW Wheat, in Store, and for sale by JAS. McKIMMON.
Raleigh, September 2d, 1853. 83—

CHEWING TOBACCO.—I have seven brands of the finest qualities of Chewing Tobacco, one of which is put up by Y. & E. P. Jones, and claimed the Premium at our State Fair, for sale in packages or lots to suit the trade, by P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, November 4th, 1853. 101—

PAINT MILLS.—A GREAT LABOR SAVING MAchine for grinding colors, and one which every painter should have; for sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

HADDOCK FISH.—120 BARRELS HADDOCK Fish, in fine order. For sale at a low price.
NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853. 1—

RED ASH COAL.—200 TONS BEST RED ASH Philadelphia Coal, in Yard. For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853. 1—

BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.—HEAVY Gunny Bagging, 46 inches wide,
Best Dundee Hemp Bagging, 44 do. do.
All in store and for sale by JAS. McKIMMON.
Raleigh, Nov. 14, 1853. 104—

NEW RIVER MULLETS.—20 BARRELS NEW River Mullets, in fine order, just received.
For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE,
Portsmouth, Va.
Nov. 15, 1853. 1—

JUST RECEIVED, SALLAD FOR THE SOLITARY. W. L. POMEROY.
Dec. 26, 1853. 12—

WOLFE'S SCHEIDAM SCHNAPPS.—A fresh supply of this popular Medicine, just received and for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

SOMETHING NICE.—JUST RECEIVED AT Mahler's & Co.
2 doz. Spiced Oysters,
2 " Lobsters,
2 " Salmons,
12 " Catsups,
" Preserves, Pickles and Brandy Peaches.
Oct. 11th, 1853. 94—

P. F. PESCUD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, Raleigh, N. C., IS NOW RECEIVING HIS extensive purchases for the SPRING TRADE, and the rapidly increasing demand having justified his purchasing many articles in original cases, which he has hitherto procured in small quantities, justifies him in offering unprecedented inducements to his friends and customers. To the trade—he will sell the most popular Patent Medicines at the Proprietors prices, and respectfully requests dealers and the public generally to give his stock and prices an examination before sending their orders North or elsewhere.
March 24, 1854. 37—

JUST RECEIVED 400 Kegs pure White Lead.
400 gallons Linseed Oil.
120 lbs. Chrome Yellow, dry and in oil.
60 lbs. " Green "
150 lbs. Terra de Seieuna,
150 lbs. Turkey Umber, Burns and Baw.
5000 lbs. Blake's Fire Proof Paints.
50 kegs Snow White Zinc Paint,
500 lbs. Venetian Red,
50 lbs. Prus. Blue, dry and in oil.
1000 lbs. Putty.
Oayoh, Copal, Japan and black Varnish. For sale very low by VAUGHAN & MOORE.

CONGRESS WATER.—A fresh supply just to hand, and for sale at VAUGHAN & MOORE.

JOCKY CLUB CHEWING TOBACCO.—A supply of the above brand of Tobacco, in 4½ lb. boxes, this day received by VAUGHAN & MOORE.

DISTILLER'S GLUE.—50 bbls. Distiller's Glue daily expected, for sale lower than can be had elsewhere. VAUGHAN & MOORE.

SWEET OIL.—10 Baskets best Olive Oil, for table use, for sale by VAUGHAN & MOORE.

POTASH.—4000 lbs. daily expected in 5 lb. cases, for sale by VAUGHAN & MOORE.

MCLANE'S VERMIFUGE AND PILLS.—A supply of McLanes Vermifuge and Liver Pills for sale by VAUGHAN & MOORE.

CUPPING INSTRUMENTS.—A supply of the most improved kinds, for sale by VAUGHAN & MOORE.

MEDICINE CHESTS.—A very large supply of Medicine Chests, made of Leather and Mahogany, to be had of VAUGHAN & MOORE.

OREGON PEAS.—Another supply of these celebrated Peas, is received and for sale at a reduced price, by P. F. PESCUD.

HAIR BRUSHES.—The most extensive variety of Hair Brushes in this City, may be seen and bought very cheap at P. F. Pescud's DRUG STORE.

TOOTH BRUSHES.—I have a very large supply of splendid Tooth Brushes—for sale very low by P. F. PESCUD.

CARTERS' SPANISH MIXTURE.—A fresh supply just received, and those troubled with Dyspepsia or diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, are urged to give it a trial. It has produced a wonderful cure in Raleigh, by the use of 2 Bottles. P. F. PESCUD.

DRESSING COMBS.—A fine assortment is to hand and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.—A large stock on hand and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

SEIDLETZ POWDERS.—A supply of very superior Seidletz Powders, just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

MUSTARD.—A further supply of London Mustard of very superior quality, just received at PESCUD'S.

BREAST PUMPS.—A supply of very superior quality for sale very low by P. F. PESCUD.

SYRINGES.—A large stock of Syringes—of all kinds, just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

LAMPS.—I will sell my present supply of Fluid Lamps, at reduced prices, as I desire to introduce a new style. P. F. PESCUD.

FRESH CONGRESS WATER.—A fresh supply just received, and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

GLUE, GLUE.—A large supply of White and Brown Glue just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL Medium Crown Moleskin Hats, called "the Young Man's Hat," something entirely new.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

PURE and No. 1 qualities of White Lead, in kegs of 100 lbs. and 25 lbs., for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.
Raleigh, March 20th, 1854. 37—

WHITE GOODS.—JACKONETTS, ENGLISH Cambric, Nainsook, checked and striped Muslin, Mull Muslin, Plain and dotted Swiss Muslin. For sale by J. BROWN.
Raleigh, June 4th, 1853. 58—

WASHINGTON CITY LIME.—200 CASKS Washington City Lime, (superior for whitewashing) just received. For sale by NIEMEYER & WHITE.
Portsmouth, Va., April 1, 1854. 40—

IRISH THOMASTON LIME.—650 CASKS Irish Thomaston Lime, per schooner "Beauchamp"—direct from Maine—now landing at our Wharf. For sale low by NIEMEYER & WHITE.
Portsmouth, Va., April1, 1854. 40—

GARDEN SEED.—We are now in receipt of a large supply of Garden Seed, warranted fresh, to which the attention of Gardeners is invited.
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

BROWN WINDSOR SOAP.—12 DOZEN, JUST received. Also a large variety of Lubin's and Bazin's Perfumery, at the drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
October 11, 1853. 96—

GRASS SEED.—Red clover, Herds grass, Blue grass, mixed lawn grass and Lucerne. Just to hand at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

JOSEPH K. MARRIOTT,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Office up stairs in the building occupied by Mr. B. B. Smith.
Feb. 2, 2854. 23—tf.

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC FOR 1854. For sale, wholesale and retail by H. D. TURNER,
N. C. Bookstore.
Raleigh, Oct. 25, 1853. 98—

SMUT IN WHEAT.—400 LBS. BLUE-STONE, THE great preventative of smut in wheat, just received at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

CIGARS! CIGARS!!—A lot of the very best brands of imported Cigars, has just been received at HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

SOAPS, &c.—VARIETIES OF TOILET, SHAVING, and Fancy Soaps. Lyon's Kathairon, Barry's Tricopherus, Rowlands' genuine Macassar Oil, Bears Oil, Beef Marrow for the hair, for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.
September 9, 1853. 85—

PIANOS, MUSIC, STRINGS, &c.—ANOTHER Lot of new and splendid Pianos, of fashionable style and elegant tone and finish, just opened at the N. C. MUSIC STORE.

A BEAUTIFUL 5 OCTAVE MELODEON, with three beautiful Pedals, for inspection and sale at the MUSIC STORE.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF NEW AND FASHIONABLE MUSIC received at the MUSIC STORE.

MANTILLAS! MANTILLAS!—A very large assortment of Silk and Black Lace Mantillas and Points. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

SILK AND OPEN STRAW BONNETS AND INFANTS Flats. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

FANS! FANS!—MOURNING AND FANCY FANS W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

DRESS TRIMMINGS AND EMBROIDERIES. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

RIBBONS, GLOVES, UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS (Steeple Tops.) W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

ROBINSONS' GAITERS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENN OF LACE GOODS, Collars, Chimezettes and Under Sleves. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

50 KEGS BLASTING POWDER.
20,000 feet safety fuse—just in Store.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, March 24, 1854. 37—

SERVANTS' GOODS.—MARLBORO' STRIPES, Plaids, &c. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!—IF YOU WANT a HAT of any kind or description, call at W. H. & R. S. Tucker's and you will find a mammoth Stock. *Any one can be suited,* as their stock embraces all sizes from an Infants' No. to an old Fogy's extra—their object being to combine old Fogyism and Young Americanism.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

ISAAC PROCTOR, MERCHANT TAILOR, (*Successor to Oliver & Proctor,*) Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally, his return from the Northern cities, and that he is now receiving his Fall and Winter supplies of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Furnishing Goods and Ready-Made Clothing, which, being bought principally for cash, he is enabled to offer at very low rates.

He has now in store, at the old stand, opposite the Post-Office,

Superfine black, blue, brown, dahlia and other fancy Cloths, of various goods.
Superfine French, English and American Cassimeres, of all prices, plain and fancy.
Superfine Simoni Doeskins, for Pants and Overcoats.
Superfine black Satins and Grenadines.
Plain and figured and fancy silk Vestings.
Fine assortment rich silk Quiltings, for weddings and parties.
Plain and figured Plush Velvets, very rich.

FURNISHING GOODS—A complete assortment, consisting in part of
Superfine plain and fancy dress Shirts.
" 3-ply Collars, large variety.
" Canton Flannel, bleached Drill.
Merino and silk Under-shirts and Drawers.
Silk, cotton and merino plain and fancy Hosiery.
Gloves, very superior kid, black, white and fancy.
Cravats, black and fancy, and a rich assortment for weddings and parties.
Stocks, black, white and fancy, with and without ties.
Suspenders, Dressing Gowns, &c.

In fact everything necessary for a gentleman's complete outfit.

With sincere thanks to his numerous patrons for the liberal encouragement heretofore extended to him, he hopes, by strict attention to their wants, and a determintion to please, to merit its continuance.

Gentlemen furnishing their own goods to be manufactured may rely upon receiving the same care and attention as though sold by himself.

The latest Paris and London fashions just received.

Cutting and repairing done promptly at all times.

He will remind those indebted, six months time is allowed to punctual customers. Those in arrears longer than the above time will please call and close their accounts, either by cash or note, and oblige ISAAC PROCTOR.
Raleigh, Oct. 18th, 1853. 97—

STATIONARY, BLANK BOOKS, ENVELOPES AND PAPER of every description; Perfumery, Brushes. Also, Fancy Goods, in great variety.

The Store of the Subscriber has lately been replenished with New Goods, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers, White, Buff and Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany and Leather Writing Desks, Work Bokes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios; all styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnies, Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivalled Cologne; Bridal, Glove and Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes; Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Pearl and Ivory Tablets; Games too numerous to mention; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail and Lather Brushes; Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; all kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Tea Bells; Toilet and Travelling Glasses; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet and Shaving Soaps; Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards, Dice, Checkers; Sewing Birds; Penknives, Scissors and Shears.

A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, fifty styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; the best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates. A large assortment of Visiting and Wedding Cards; Stationary Articles in general; Wedding Stationary and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day and Cash Books, Journals, &c.; Letter Copying Presses, Books and Ink; Mathematical Instructions; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Mouth Glue; Indelible Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

All of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than in any house South of the Potomac, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail.

HENRY D. TURNER,
No. 1, Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N. C.
January 25, 1854. 21—

SILAS BURNS, PROPRIETOR, BUILDER OF STEAM ENGINES AND GENERAL MACHINIST. The above establishment has been in successful operation about one year, and has turned out some of the best STEAM ENGINES and SAW MILLS that have ever operated in this or any other State.

Orders are solicited for Steam Engines and Saw Mills, Mill Gearing and Machinery of every discription to be completed during the Summer and Fall. The improved condition of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road will enable me to fill with dispatch and punctuality all orders after the 1st of July.

The following certificate will show the character of the work executed at the above Works:

"AUBRY, Cumberland, May 15, 1852.

"Mr. SILAS BURNS—*Dear Sir:* Our Engine and Mills, made at your shops, have been at work nearly two months, and fully meet our expectations. The ENGINE, as to FINISH and STRENGTH, PERFORMANCE and DURABILITY, is inferior to none in the State of the same class made here or elsewhere. The MILLS run with a smoothness and speed truly astonishing. In ordinary sawing we cut in a common sized log, 1 foot, in 3¾ seconds or 16 feet per minute. We have run, however, through an 18 feet log in 32 seconds or at the rate of 33 feet per minute, by running to the top speed we fully believe we can cut 40 feet per minute. The only objection we have heard urged is, it takes too many hands to haul up logs and carry away lumber. Yours, &c.,

JONES & BARBEE."
June 2, 1852. 59—

OUR NEW STOCK!!

E. L. HARDING HAS JUST RECEIVED, AND re-opened his stock of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, comprising all the new and desirable styles of Fine French Cassimere Pants, Marseilles and Silk Vests, Superior French Cloth Frock and Sack Coats—besides all the medium qualities.

These Goods are made up EXPRESSLY for our own sales, consequently the *Garments are made* in the latest and best style.

We can confidently and safely recommend our goods to wear well, as many can testify who have purchased from us for years past.

Our arrangements are such that we can take measures and have garments made in the best style, and a good 'FIT' guaranteed.

In reference to Dress Shirts, we would call the attention of our customers to our styles. Orders taken, and shirts made to measure, in two weeks time. In fact we are prepared to suit our customers in every respect.

☞ Call at HARDING'S for GOOD GOODS.
Raleigh, March 24, 1854. 37—

E. L. HARDING—*Opposite Messrs. Evans & Cook* —Manufacturer and Dealer in Superior READY MADE CLOTHING, is now receiving—

Superior black doe skin Pants,
do fancy do do do
do white linen drill do
do do do duck do
do fancy do do do
do black satin D. B. Vest,
do do do S. B. do
do do silk do
do fancy do do
do farmer satins do
do white Marseilles D. B. Vest,
do do do S. B. do
do figured do do
do black cloth frock Coats,
do do do dress do
do fancy do frock do
do do do sack do

with all the medium qualities.

For bargains in well made Goods, call at HARDING'S.
April 4, 1854. 40—

DAILY LINE BETWEEN PORTSMOUTH, NORFOLK, EDENTON AND PLYMOUTH. On and after Saturday 14th instant, the Steamer SCHULTZ will be placed on the route from Black Water to Plymouth, thus forming a daily line, (Sundays excepted.)

The STAG, Capt. Middleton, will leave Black Water on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, immediately after the arrival of the Cars from Portsmouth. Returning, will leave Plymouth in the evening of the same days.

The SCHULTZ, Capt. Halsey, will leave Black Water on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays after the arrival of the Cars from Portsmouth. Returning, will leave Plymouth on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 o'clock, A. M. Passing up and down the River in the day time, arriving at Black Water in time for the Express Train.

The SCHULTZ will leave Edenton at 8 o'clock, A. M.; will pass by Colerain at 9½; will be at the Gatesville Wharf at about 11; Winton at 12 o'clock; and Reddick's at 1 P. M.

Passengers coming off in Boats will be taken on board at any point on the Chowan River.

Freight will be received and landed at all convenient points on the River.

J. W. KEELING, *Agent.*
April 3, 1854. 40—tf.

SPRING TRADE 1854.—TO NORTH CAROLINA MERCHANTS.—By the arrival of Steamer Europa and Packet ship Panama, we are in possession of our Spring Importation of Foreign Goods, selected for our sales by Mr. Wm. Weddell in the ENGLISH, SCOTISH & IRISH markets.

We have also received from the Eastern Cities a large and commanding stock of Domestic Fabrics, purchased from First Hands, which we are prepared to offer to the Trade at as low prices as they can be found in any market.

North Carolina Merchants are respectfully invited to give us a call when they visit our market.

STEVENSON & WEDDELL,
Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
March 7, 1854. 32—y.

$150,000 WHOLESALE STOCK OF BOOTS and Shoes, for Spring 1854, by

W. H. ADDINGTON & Co., Norfolk, Va.

WE would call attention of Merchants in Virginia and North Carolina to this immense stock of BOOTS, SHOES, TRAVELLING TRUNKS, VALICES, CARPET BAGS, &c., amounting to $150,000.

It is one of the most varied because it embraces every kind of Boots and Shoes that can be found in the United States, and is the BEST selected stock in all Virginia.

The goods are made to order by the best manufacturers in this country expressly for OUR WHOLESALE TRADE, and it is consequently better suited to the Trade of Virginia and North Carolina than any wholesale stock of Boots and Shoes ordinarily found elsewhere.

Besides having better goods, *the rices* are made regular to avoid an over large quantity of small sizes, which is a great evil to the Merchant, and one of universal complaint. Our care has been to avoid this evil in giving orders for the manufacture of our stock of Boots and Shoes.

☞ We are prepared to sell these goods *a shade lower* than any other house in Virginia, and *we will* do it. City and Country Merchants are therefore invited to call and look for themselves.

☞ Terms 6 months credit.

W. H. ADDINGTON & CO.,
Norfolk, Va.
March 24, 1854. 37—

ATLANTIC AND N. C. RAILROAD.—NOTICE is hereby given, under the authority of the Board of General Commissioners, that books will be opened for receiving Subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad Company, on the 8th day of May next, under the direction of the special Commissioners named in the act of incorporation, and at the following places, to-wit:

In Beaufort, at the Store of Benj. L. Perry.
In Newbern, at the Merchant's Bank.
In Kinston, at the Store of Washington & White.
In Goldsborough, at the Store of Andrews & Washington.
In Waynesborough, at the Store of Rich'd Washington.
In Smithfield, at the County Court Clerk's office.
In Raleigh, at the State Bank.
In Jacksonville, at the Court-house.
In Swansborough, at Glover's Store.
In Snow Hill, at Henry H. Harper's Store.

The said books will remain open for the space of Thirty Days, and continued open thereafter until ordered to be closed by the said General Commissioners.

N. B.—No subscription shall be received by any of the Commissioners unless five per cent upon the whole amount subscribe shall be first paid in cash, or secured by a *good note*, to be approved of by said Commissioners.
April 7, 1854. 41—

FIRST PREMIUM!—SMUT AND SCREENING MACHINE, YOUNG'S PATENT. IMPORTANT TO MILLERS AND MILL OWNERS.—This Machine received the first premium at the North Carolina State Fair, and was recommended to the public as the *best* now in use in the State. Seven hundred of them are now running in North Carolina, all of which are now in operation and have given the most entire satisfaction, in regard both to performance and durability, some having run six years and perform as well now as they did at first, and have not been out of order one day. We have thrown out ten different Smut Machines to make room for this. They are warranted for five years, and delivered at the Mill any where in the State.

Manufactured and sold by

JNO. A. McMANNAN,
South Lowell, Orange County, N. C.
April 16, 1854. 44—tf.

☞ Cut this advertisement out and keep it.

TO THE PUBLIC.—THE SUBSCRIBER, ANTONIO PIZZINI, *Foreign and Domestic Confectioner and Fruit Dealer,* formerly of Richmond, Virginia, has the pleasure of informing the citizens of Raleigh and the adjacent country, that he has opened (three doors below Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker)

A Splendid Confectionary and Fruit Establishment!

In his store will be found at all times all that is nice, sweet and agreeable to the taste. Believing that the citizens of the place desire the establisment of a house of this kind, he hopes, by attention to the trade, to merit a portion of its favors. ANTONIO PIZZINI.

N. B. He keeps constantly on hand—

Oranges, Lemons, per box,	Preserves,
Raisins, per whole, ½ and ¼ boxes,	Cordials,
Nuts of all kinds,	Cigars of all kinds,
Figs and Prunes,	French and German Fancy Goods.

STEAM CANDIES (fancy and plain) manufactured by myself, and warranted as good as any in the United States. The above articles can be had at wholesale and retail.

A. PIZZINI.
April 15, 1854. 44—

NORTH CAROLINA EDITION OF MITCHELL'S INTERMEDIATE GEOGRAPHY.—A system of Modern Geography, comprising a description of the present state of the world, and its five great divisions, America, Europe, Asia, Africa, and Oceanica, with their several Empires, Kingdoms, States, Territories, etc., Illustrated by more than forty colored Maps, and numerous Wood-cut Engravings, and designed for the instruction of Youth in Schools and Families, by S. Augustus Mitchell. To which is added a Geography of North Carolina, compiled for the use of Families, Academies and Schools, by C. H. Wiley.

For sale by W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, April 10, 1854. 42.

A CARD.—THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the Citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that he is prepared now for manufacturing all kinds of Gold and Silver ware, viz: Goblets, Mugs, Teapots, Earrings and Finger-rings, Breastpins, Bracelets, &c., &c.; Setting Jewels and Repairing all kinds of Jewelry in a manner warranted to give satisfaction; Engraving and Chasing of every description in a style not to be surpassed.

All orders may be left at F. Mahler's & Co., where he has taken the room adjoining the storeroom.

H. MAHLER.

P. S. The most reasonable rate given for Old Gold and Silver.
Raleigh, April 15, 1854. 44—1y.

EAGLE HOTEL FOR SALE.—I AM AUTHORIZED by the owner of the Eagle Hotel, at Chapel Hill, to offer it for sale. Miss HILLIARD, who has been in possession of it for about twenty years, desires to retire to a more private life.

This Hotel is probably as good property of the kind as is to be found in the State. Its income for several years past has ranged from fifteen to twenty thousand dollars a year; and at present is rather beyond the latter amount. As buyers will probably examine the property for themselves, any further description here is unnecessary.

Possession will be surrendered on the 10th of June, if desired.

For further information, address the subscriber at Chapel Hill, N. C. SAMUEL F. PHILLIPS.
April 16, 1854. 1018—w3m.

FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS.—200 PAIRS, embracing all the different styles, at HARDING'S.

DR. T. L. BANKS

HAVING located at his Father's (Maj. ADAM BANKS's,) 11 miles South of Raleigh, offers his Professional services to the people of all the surrounding country.
Wake April 11, '54. 44—3tpd.

NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIBER, EXECUTOR OF JOHN DENT, dec'd., late of Franklin County, N. C., hereby gives notice that he is ready to settle said estate, and to pay over the legacies due the respective heirs, &c.

WILLIAM T. DENT, Ex'r.
April 5, 1854. 41—3tawpd.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

THE "WILMINGTON ICE HOUSE" is now open. The public may depend upon having their wants supplied, at all seasons of the year, on reasonable terms.

ICE ordered from the country will be well packed and promptly forwarded at all times.

All orders for Ice must be addressed to "WILMINGTON ICE HOUSE."

☞ Terms CASH, which will be strictly adhered to in all cases.

Deposits may be made by persons ordering from a distance.

Price, ONE CENT PER POUND. Extra charge for package, drayage, &c.

A. H. VAN BOKKELEN, *Proprietor.*
Wilmington, N. C., April 1, 1854. 40—6m.

BAIN, HATTON & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, FORWARDING, PRODUCE AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner King and Water Sts.,

Portsmouth, Va.,

Give their personal attention to the sale and shipment of all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and make liberal advances on consignments.

D. A. BAIN, | E. A. HATTON, | G. M. BAIN, jr.
Portsmouth, Va., March 27, 1844. 38—

THE SUBSCRIBER'S ARE NOW RECEIVING their SPRING STOCK of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, comprising every variety and style of Dress Goods, worn either by Ladies or Gentlemen. Their stock is unusally large, and was selected with much care and attention by one of the firm, to which they invite the early attention of their customers and the public generally.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

NORTH CAROLINA made Blacking, a superior article for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

ACKERMON'S & FARNERSTON'S Yeast Powders, a first-rate and cheap article for sale by HAYWOOD & SCOTT.

JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS—CHEAPER THAN EVER!! The Subscribers take great pleasure in informing the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity, that they have just received an entirely new stock of all the articles in their line.

Thankful for the liberal patronage already received, they will do all in their power to deserve a continuance of the same.

Their present stock consists in part of

JEWELRY—Gold Earrings, Breastpins, Cuffpins, Fingerrings, Sleevebuttons, Bracelets, Lockets, Fob and Guard Chains, Pencils, Pens, Watches, &c., &c.

FANCY GOODS, &c.—Berlin and French Caskets, Furnish Leather Reticules of all sizes, Paper mache Workboxes, Spanish and French Fans from 50 cents to $7 00, Portmonies of Leather, Velvet and Pearl, French Cigar cases, Pocket books, Wostenholm's celebrated Cutlery, Dressing and Pocket Combs of Ivory, Buffalo India Rubber and round Combs, Puff, Tucking and side Combs, Faber's pencils, French flowerwares of all descriptions, Fancy cups and saucers, from 40 cents to $3, Gothic 1 and 8 day Clocks, German silver Castors, wax, kid, crying and India Rubber dolls of all sizes, Looking Glasses from 5 cents to $2 50.

All kinds of Perfumery and Toilet requisites.

China and Glassware of various descriptions, &c.

CONFECTIONARY, &c.—Common and French Candies, Pickles, Preserves, Brandy Fruit, Prunes, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Nuts, Wines, Vinegar, Porter, Ale, Cordials, Bitters, Schiedam Schnaps, &c., &c. F. MAHLER & CO.
Raleigh, April 10, 1854. 43—

SPRING STOCK.

THOMAS R. FENTRESS,

Merchant Tailor,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C,

HAS JUST RECEIVED his STOCK of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, and is prepared to furnish all persons who may favor him with a call with any or all the atricles of GENTLEMEN'S WEARING APPAREL, of the best material, at the shortest notice, and as cheap as any man can sell the same south of Mason & Dixon's line.

Call and see for yourself, and be assured that you shall not go away dissatisfied.

His stock is composed of his usual quantity and quality of CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c. It is useless to go through the empty form of returning thanks for favors, for the public know that he is grateful and will merit a continuation and extension of the same, by prompt attention to his business. Call and see me and we will be mutually benefited by a trade.

I have on hand an excellent assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING which cannot fail to please.

The latest fashions received from Paris and New York.
April 28, 1854. 46—4t.
City papers copy three times.

NORTH CAROLINA EDITION.—MITCHELL'S INTERMEDIATE GEOGRAPHY.—COWPERTHWAIT, DESILVER & BUTLER, *Booksellers & Publishers, 253 Market St., Philadelphia,* have the pleasure of announcing as now ready, the North Carolina Edition of Mitchell's Intermediate Geography.

This Work contains, in one book, quarto form, a description of the present state of the world, and its five great divisions, *America, Europe, Asia, Africa,* and *Oceanica,* with their several Empires, Kingdoms, States, Territories, &c., illustrated by more than 40 colored Maps, and numerous wood cut Engravings.

The North Carolina matter of the work was prepared expressly for the use of the Schools of the State, by C. H. WILEY, Esq., State School Superintendent. This part of the work is illustrated by several fine wood Engravings, and by a large and very excellent Map of the State, colored in counties, and exhibiting clearly and faithfully, all the new Counties, Railroad Lines, &c., &c. Full and interesting Statistics of the State are given according to the census of 1850, and no pains have been spared to make the Work valuable, not only as a school-book but for general use in families.

The entire work is unquestionably the most convenient and reliable geographical manual now published.

It may be obtained of the publishers in Philadelphia; of H. D. Turner, Raleigh; E. W. Ogburn, Greensborough; o Cushings & Bailey, Baltimore; of McCar ter & Co., and E H. Lane, Charleston, and of booksellers g nerally.
April 5, 1854. 41—6t.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.—DUPLIN COUNTY, Superior Court of Law, Spring Term, 1854.

Eliza M. Gwyer vs. George Gwyer.—Petition for Divorce.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that George Gwyer, the defendant in this case, is not a resident of this State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of the Law can not be served upon him. On motion, it is, therefore, ordered by the Court that publication be made in the North

From the New York Tribune.

Report of the President of the Phœnix Gold Mining Company of North Carolina.

CAPITAL, $300,000.

NEW YORK, April 20, 1854.

To the Stockholders:

GENTLEMEN: Having just returned from a visit to our property in Cabarrus county, N. C., I am induced, from a sense of duty, to make a brief report on the condition and prospects of the mines, as I left them. My stay there being short—about six weeks—it was of course impossible for me to make a thorough exploration of more than a small portion of our valuable estate. So far as time and circumstances permitted, I made a general and careful examination of the Company's property, and I have the pleasure to state that all the anticipations which I had previously formed have been realized to the fullest extent. In all, our property consists of about 700 acres, nearly every acre of which is, strictly speaking, mineral land. On a portion of the property, known as the Conner and Simonton Tract, comprising about 200 acres, are located the Sulphur, the Orchard and the Elwood Mines, which have been successfully worked, though with limited means, for a long period of time—one of them for a quarter of a century at least. The character of these mines is so well established that comment from me would be superfluous. Besides these, numerous other veins of gold and copper ores are known to exist on this tract, and from personal observation I feel assured that many if not all of them will prove to be workable and productive veins. Among the number, I beg leave to call your attention to the "Old Field Vein," designated as such on the map on file in the Company's office, as also to another, equally as rich in gold, known and designated on the same map as the "Black Oak Shaft." Both of these veins are exceedingly rich in the precious metals, and have yielded gold equivalent to three dollars per bushel by the rudest process known. The remaining 500 acres consist of several distinct tracts one of which is the Barrier Tract, being 90 acres more or less, and on which the celebrated Barrier Mine is located. This mine was opened many years ago, but was worked very little until our Company got possession of it. The prospects here are very flattering, and it is the opinion of many experts in mining that this vein will prove to be one of the very richest in the State of North Carolina. Such, too, is the opinion of our Mining Captain, Wm. H. Orchard, who has had much experience in the mines in Cornwall in England, and in various localities in this country. Several shafts have been sunk on this mine, two of them to the depth of 106 feet or more, and tunnels driven N. E. and S. W. on the vein, affording extensive stoping grounds. The ore is exceedingly rich, the vein full two and a half feet wide, and promises to increase both in quality and size. Several other veins, running parallel have been discovered adjacent thereto, the appearances of which are precisely similar, and these I have no doubt will prove to be equally as valuable. Other portions of the property, known as the Hagler Tract, the Simon Bost Tract and the Daniel Faggot Tract, have likewise, been ascertained to be exceedingly rich in minerals, many veins having been discovered and opened to no very inconsiderable extent. On the Hagler Tract, their exists a copper vein, which, although proven to the depth of no more than twelve or fifteen feet, justifies the expectation of something very rich. The ore is of the species known as the yellow sulphuret, and yelds 30 to 33 per cent of metal. Other veins of copper ore were pointed out to me on this tract, but time did not permit me to investigate them.

The works of the company, including mill-house and machinery for grinding the ores, are situated on the first mentioned tract, within a few hundred yards of the manager's house. Two Chilian mills and six heads of stamps, worked by steam-power, crushing and grinding about 120 bushels of ore per day, are now in successful operation, and soon another mill will be added. With the present amount of machinery our daily yield of gold is more than double all expenses, and when in about six weeks hence, the third mill shall be completed, our receipts will then insure to us a net profit, above our expenses, of not less than one hundred and fifty dollars per day, a sum equal to sixty per cent. per annum on the present market value of our stock. The mines are capable of producing any quantity of ore, and all that is wanted to make our income still larger, is the addition of more machinery, which I strongly recommend; and in connection with this subject it may not be amiss for me to state that there are ample funds in the treasury to do so, and that the Board of Directors have expressed their approval of, and willingness to comply with my suggestion in this particular.

To appreciate fully the value of our property, it is only necessary to visit the mines. Our manager's house is ever open to all, and all are invited to examine for themselves. As I purpose going to the mines again very shortly, I shall be exceedingly happy to meet there such committes as you may be pleased to appoint. A visit to the other mining properties in North Carolina, which are on the direct route hence, and included in the same belt, I would also recommend, with the assurance to the tourist that he will be more than repaid by the knowledge he will obtain of the vast mineral resources of the State, which to me appear as yet but little known to the mass of people at the North.

Very respectfully, your ob't serv't,

JOHN STAGG, Pres't.

Offices of the Company, No. 18 Exchange-place.

A NOVEL SHIPMENT TO THIS PORT. There arrived at the wharf of Messrs. Rowlett, Hardy & Co., on Monday and yesterday, two vessels laden with rather a novel cargo for this port.

The first was the *Palestine*, Capt. Ballance, with a cargo of 400,000 salted herrings, perch and rock, in bulk, all well salted, and in good condition.

The second was the schooner *Lorey D. Tillett*, Burke, master, with a similar cargo to the above.

Both cargoes were consigned to Messrs. Rowlett, Hardy & Co., and the first was sold we understand in less than one hour after its arrival. The second is going off rapidly, and those in want of fish, would do well to call early.

They are from the Edenton or fishing district of North Carolina, and the first ever shipped to this port. We understand the extensive fishiries in that section have met with a success almost unexampled. Fish have been caught in such large quantities that it was found impossible to salt them, and immense quantities have been hauled to the plantations of farmers, and scattered over the land as a fertillizer. For many years past those engaged in the business have been rather poorly paid for their trouble, and this year not anticipating greater success than on recent former seasons, they failed to supply themselves with salt and barrels sufficient to preserve one half that were taken—hence the present shipment to our city in bulk. We understand from a gentleman who has partaken of those recently arrived, that they are in a remarkable state of preservation, and constitute a most excellent repast for any one at all partial to the finny tribe. We regret to hear that Messrs. R. H. & Co. will receive but these two cargoes, as the consignor writes that he has merely tried this market with two cargoes to test it. We hope that he may be so well pleased with the "account of sales," as to ship to this market and none other in future. An immense trade could be successfully prosecuted in the article of fish alone. The Edenton fisheries usually ship to Norfolk and Baltimore. Of late years, to the latter market almost exclusively.

Pet. Express.

WHAT POSTMASTERS MAY FRANK THEIR OWN PRIVATE LETTERS, &c. Each postmaster whose compensation for the last preceding year did not exceed $200, may send through the mail all letters written by himself on his private business, which shall not exceed one half an ounce in weight, *free of postage*. If the compensation exceed $200, then he has the right to frank only such letters as relate exclusively to the business of his office or of the Post Office Department. No postmaster can receive or send free any printed matter; and in every instance where a postmaster receives a communication addressed to him as postmaster, which is of a private character and designed to promote private interests, with an evident intention of giving circulation to it without paying postage, he will return the same to the person who sent it, under a new envelope, with the charge of letter postage endorsed thereon.

Washington Star.

Diogenes is of opinion that the best way of having your pocket picked when you are going into a crowd, is to empty it yourself before leaving home.

A MODEL ENGINEER.

The Baltimore Sun pays the following compliment to a Railroad Engineman, Mr. Beckett:

A HIGH COMPLIMENT TO A RAIL ENGINEMAN.—An interesting presentation occurred a few days since which deserves special notice, as an exception to the ordinary affairs of the kind lately become so frequent in our midst. The leading officers in all the departments of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company's service voluntarily presented a superior gold watch to Thomas Beckett, the engineer of the passenger engine No. 99, running on the first division of the main stem. There was very little ceremony observed, inasmuch as the act spoke for itself. The gift was appropriately tendered to Mr. Beckett, in the presence of the heads of the departments and other officers, by Benj. H. Latrobe, Esq., the late chief engineer, and properly responded to by the recipient. Mr. Beckett may, without undue praise, be termed in every sense a model engineman. Though but young yet, he has served the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for twenty years constantly, having run an engine for fifteen years past. In 1851, he ran his engine 44,600 miles, at an entire expense for repairs of only $700, which is believed to be unparalleled. Two years ago, when the "99" was built by Mr. Hayes, the company's master of machinery, Beckett was transferred to her; since which time she has never missed a trip by unreadiness and has never been obliged to be laid up for repairs. In 1853, he ran 44,750 miles. In the use of oils, fuel, etc., Mr. Beckett is peculiarly economical, while his general skill, care and success are best illustrated by the facts that in his whole career as an engineman he has never run into a train, broke a coupling, run off the tract, or became stalled for want of steam, and is always "on time." Such a man is a prize to any company, and the officers of the road reflect credit alike upon him and themselves in signalizing their approbation in so honorable a manner.

It is said that there is a number of very superior enginemen now engaged in this company's service, some of whom only lack the experiance to render them as distinguished as "the model runner." Encouragement is offered by the directors and officers tending to the development of the abilities of those who occupy this very honorable and important station, upon the prudence and skill of whom, in this age of steam, so much depends."

THE RESCUE GRASS. We published not long since a communication from Mr. Iverson, of Georgia, in relation to the Rescue Grass, which we thought ought to command the attention of our farmers. If this grass is what it is represented to be, and shall be found to suit this climate, it strikes us that great benefit would result from its cultivation on our fams. The editor of the Spirit of the Age, who recently visited Columbus, Georgia, in a communication for his paper, makes the followiug statement in reference to this grass:

Having so favorable an opportunity, we visited the fields of Mr. Iverson, to see his celebrated "Retrieve Grass," of which an article appeared in our paper a week or two ago. It will be remembered that it is a winter grass, and being now in full seed (the heads being heavy and bowed down like wheat) it does not look as vigorous and luxuriant as in the winter—but we are much pleased with its appearance, and shall try and carry home with us some of the seed. It should be sown in May or June; it lies in the ground, without germinating, till September or October, when it springs up and grows on through the entire winter, two and three feet high, and can be constantly cut for cattle, or they may be turned into the fields without injury to the crop. If the seed is desired to be saved, the cattle should be withdrawn, or the cutting suspended about the 1st of March so as to enable the grass to grow and the seeds to mature. When once planted it re-seeds itself perpetually, enough of the seeds always falling off for this purpose, even if the fields be mown for the saving of the seeds. If this is indeed a good grass that will stand and grow amid the severity of our winters, as it is confidently stated to do by Mr. Iverson, and which its appearance now indicates, it being some two feet high and fresh and green, it is a matter of great interest to the farming community, and furnishes a desideratum long needed in our climate. We shall give it a trial, at all events.

TELEGRAPHIC DESPATCHES. On a recent Monday morning the New York papers in glaring capitals displayed the following interesting news, 'telegraphed expressly' for each paper. It was the same in all however:

From Boston—Yesterday was Sunday.

From Philadelphia—It didn't rain yesterday.

From Charleston—At noon to-day the clock of St. Michael's struck twelve.

From Savannah—There was a fire last night, at the Pulaska House; all the wood in the fire-place was burned to ashes.

From Petersburg—The steamship "Comet" sailed from this port for Richmond one day last week, with eight hogsheads of tobacco and two csks in tow.

From Halifax—Napoleon is Emperor of France. Isabel, queen of Spain, has got a baby—Victoria hasn't. Cotton has gone up—into the factories to be made into cloth. Breadstuffs have gone down—into the people's stomach. Ireland is separated from England by the Irish sea. Just before the steamer sailed, an important telegraphic despatch was received from London stating that the queen had taken a cup of coffee for breakfast. The Sultan of Turkey wears a scimetar instead of a sword!

From Washington—The President was awakened this morning in fright, before daylight, by the screeching of a Turkey in Secretary Guthrie's yard. The Turkey was blind and had mistaken the time of day—hearing Mr. Guthrie go to bed, he thought it was the servant getting up, and therefore crew.

Col. Benton was heard to say last night in his characteristic manner "I want my supper—I want my supper, sir. He who says I don't lies—he tells a lie, sir!" Supper was immediately prepared, and the man who said the Col. did not want supper ran away.

From Albany—Gov. Seymour was heard to say, this morning, that in case the Maine Law passed the Legislature, that he would either sign it or veto it, and if he signed it he would not veto it.

The above is a fair specimen of the usual '*Important despatches*,' in the New York morning papers.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE. The annual Commencement of the exorcises of this institution will commence on Monday the 5th of June, and close on Thursday the 8th. A very interesting time is anticipated, and a large attendance expected. With the advantages of the large Hotel and the several boarding houses at the College, good accommodations can be obtained, and those travelling on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road running by the College, can get return tickets, thus paying only half price.

The young men of the College will take part in the public exercises on Monday and Tuesday evenings. On Wednesday forenoon the annual sermon before the graduating class will be delivered by the Rev. H. H. Tucker, of Alexandria, Va.

On Wednesday afternoon the North Carolina Baptist Education Society will hold its anniversary meeting, when there will be a sermon or Address by the Rev. B. Manly, jr., of Richmond, Va.,

On Wednesday night, there will be a public speaking in the College Chapel by members of the Junior Class. On Thursday there will be speeches by the graduating Class, and Address to the two Literary Societies of the College by the Rev. Tiberius G. Jones, of Norfolk, Va.

☞ It is seldom that three more eminent public speakers will appear on an occasion of the kind, and it is more than worth a trip to the College to hear them.

The Trustees will hold meetings on Tuesday and Wednesday and it is hoped all will attend, as there will be a President to elect and other important business to transact. In relation to this office several eminent individuals are spoken of either of whom will make an able and efficient head of the Institution.

Milton Spectator.

NOT VICIOUS BUT PLAYFUL. "Is your horse perfectly gentle, Mr. Dobster?"

"Perfectly gentle sir—the only fault he has got—if that be a fault—is a p'ayful habit of extending his hinder hoof now and then."

"By extending his hinder hoofs you don't mean kicking I hope?"

"Some people call it kicking, Mr. Green—but it is only a slight reaction of the muscles—a disease rather than a vice."

FURTHER BY THE BALTIMORE NORTHERN LIGHT.

Revolution in Nicaragua. The Earthquake at San Salvador. Mr. Borland's Arrest. Santa Anna's Retreat.

The steamer Northern Light, at New York, from San Juan, brings intelligence of a revolution in Nicaragua, under the leadership of Senor Castellan, who came from Honduras with a considerable force, captured Reoliyo and Chirendega, and marched thence upon Leon and the capitol. The whole country was under arms.

The city of San Salvador was totally destroyed by an earthquake on the night of Easter Sunday. Two hundred lives were lost and over $4,000,000 of property destroyed. The shock lasted nearly a minute, laying the whole city level with the ground.

It was stated in the Sun yesterday that Mr. Borland, U. S. Mininster to Nicaragua, had been arrested by the authorities at Greytown. It appears they charged Capt. Smith, of the river steamer Routh, with murder, and went on board in great numbers, armed to the teeth, for the purpose of arresting him. Capt. Smith was not willing to be taken, and there was good prospect of violent demonstrations, when Minister Borland, who happened to be on board the Northern Light, alongside the steamer, appeared on the latter, and interposed, telling the gentleman of Greytown that they had no authority, recognized by the United States, to arrest or in any way interfere with any American citizen.

Thep became so violent, however, after entering iheir own boat, and made such desperate threats, and even attempting to board the stoamer at all hazards, that Mr. Borland, taking a rifle from the hands of a bystander, stepped over the railing upon the gurds, warned the men in the bungo to keep off, and their peril not to put a foot on the steamer. Upon this they retreated.

At night Mr. B., accompanied by Mr. Scott, went across the harbor to Greytown, to the house of Mr. Fabin, U. S. Commercial Agent. A town meeting, in the meantime, had been held, over which the Mayor presided, and it was resolved to arrest Mr. Borland. In a short time after, the house of Mr. Fabin was surrounded by a gang of armed men, headed by a Jamaica negro, who were met at the door by Mr. B.. who informed them that, in the capacity of Minister of the United States, he was exempt from arrest.

They told him they did not care for that—they would arrest him at all hazards. He replied that they must do it at their peril. Finally, they were intimidated by his firmness, and the Mayor then appeared and stated the men had acted without his authority. At this time, some one in the crowd threw a broken bottle and wonnded Mr. B. in the face. They then dispersed. During the night the town was occupied by armed men, whose sentinels were stationed between the American Consulate, where Mr. Borland was, and the harbor, challenging all who attempted to pass, preventing boats from landing or leaving the shore, and thus keeping Mr. Borland *a prisoner all night*.

The passengers on the Northern Light were indignant at the treatment given to Mr. Borland, and fifty were soon found willing to remain and protect the persons and property of Americans, untill the government can afford it. They are under the command of C. Fletcher, Esq., of Tennessee. Mr. Borland, who arrived at New York in the Northern Light, has gone to Washington for the purpose of laying the whole matteer before the President.

Letters from Acapulco, of May 6, give glowing accounts of the defeat of Santa Anna by Alvarez. The former is said to have lost a large number of men, horses, mules, and ammunition. It is also stated that Santa Anna, previous to his retreat, had shot in cold blood, Capt. Miguee Yndart and a number of other prisoners.

Arrival of the Steamer Isabell—Later from Havana.

CHRLESTON, May 26th. The steamer Isabel, Capt. Rollins, has arrived here with Havana dates to the 22d inst. All was quiet on the island. The Captain-General had given several dinner parties to the French Commodore and officers of the squadron now there. He seems to place great confidence in the aid of France in case of war between Spain and the United States.

The great State Ball was announced. All the English and French officers were to be present.

The reported insurrection between the Spanish and Creoles is untrue, though there is considerable disaffection. Business dull.

[SECOND DESPATCH [

The English and French War Vessels at Havana—The Plan of Emancipation.

CHARLESTON, May 25. Business at Havana was very dull. Sugar in fair demand for Europe. Codfish scarce. Lard reviving. Flour, lumber and stocks dull. Freights unchanged; vessels scarce. Exchange on London 9¼a10¼; on New York 1¼.

The Isabel left at Havana a French frigate, two small steamers and an English brig of war. The Captain-General, as well as the officers of the fleet, announce that they are come to protect the Spanish plan of emancipation. Great uneasiness was felt.

Later from the City of Glasgow.

PHILADELPHIA, May 26. Samuel Smith, agent for the City of Glasgow, has received, via Halifax, the following dispatch from Richardson & Co.:

"The steamer we advised you of as foundered, per Franklin, was not the City of Glasgow, but believed one of the West India steamers."

NEW ORLEANS, May 24. The Steamer United States brings news that the California Legislature has adjourned.

Col. Fremont repots a favorable route for a railroad, and will soon make an important report on the subject.

The prospect for good crops in California are very favorable.

A rich quartz vein has been discovered near Placerville.

The arrest of the French Consul at San Francisco produced great excitetement, and the authorities are accused of bad management.

Rice was in active demand at San Francisco. Provisions dull and depressed.

Dates from Lower California to April 5th, state that Walker's forces, reduced to 40 men have all been arrested. Walker has escaped to Texas it is thought.

A BEAUTIFUL INCIDENT. The discussion on the Nebraska bill has been marked by a number of striking and significant passages of eloquence—among others, that between Senator Behjamin, of Louisiana, and an abolition senator, last Thursday evening in the Senate, will long be remembered. The latter, feeling that the Nebraska bill was sure to pass after midnight, and early on Friday morning, declared in his speech against the measure, that it was fit that such a deed should be consummated on the day when the sun is to be shrouded in gloom—alluding to yesterday's eclipse—and when the American continent is covered with darkness. The eloquent senator from Louisiana, Mr. Benjamin, in his reply, which came directly afterwards, met the appeal of the abolition senator in a most classic and effective manner, and with great animation and beauty. "I say to that senator," he remarked, "that whether this Nebraska bill passes or not, the laws of Nature will operate uninteruptedly, and whether we adjourn or not, the calculations of science will be realized. And let me add that the darkness to which he alludes will be a temporary darkness only. In a few short hours the obscuration will pass off, and then we shall once more enjoy perfect day—once more will the effulgence of the orb of light bless the land, and, like the genius of our institutions, all our citizens will rejoice in his glorious beams." At this moment—the senator spoke in the dusk of the evening—the splendid chandelier of the Senate was suddenly lighted up, and the unconscious illustration of his beoutiful figure was so apposite, yet so unexpected, that the Senate and galleries broke out into spontaneous applause. The scene itself cannot be described; and the eloquent senator from Louisiana, who does not speak often, will never have a better opportunity to show his rare skill as a rhetorician.

Washington Union.

Mr. Benjamin is a Whig.

A MAGNIFICENT EXCURSION.—On the 5th of June the opening of the Chicago and Rock island railroad is to be celebrated by an excursion over the road from Chicago to the Mississippi river, and a trip in steam boats up the great river to the Falls of St. Anthony, returning by way of the river and railroad to Chicago, and thence eastward. To this excursion a large number of ladies and gentlemen in the Eastern States—some 400, it is said have been invited.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN GATES.

A meeting of the Democrats of Gates county was held in the Court House in Gatesville, on Monday, the 15th inst., which was organized by calling Riddick Gatling, Esq., to the Chair, and appointed Wm. G. Hancock, Secretary.

By request of the Chairman, W. F. Riddick, Esq., explained the object of the meeting—To select a candidate to represent the Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Gates and Chowan, in the Senate of the next Legislature, provided the county of Chowan had Delegates present to represent the views, feelings and wishes of the democrats of that county; if not, to take such steps as might be thought best to effect that object at some future time—to consider the nomination for Governor, made by the Convention, held in Raleigh on the 19th ult., and to express any opinions or feelings and to transact any other business, which might be deemed necessary and proper. He then moved, that all the Democrats of Chowan who might be present be requested to participate in the proceedings of the meeting, which being seconded and put by the Chairman, was unanimously adopted.

It appearing then that Chowan county was not sufficiently represented in the meeting, it was, on motion of Whitmell Stallings, Esq., unonimously

Resolved, That the Chairman should appoint three persons from each Captain's District in the county of Gates to meet Delegates from the county of Chowan at Mintonsville on the second Saturday in June next, for the purpose after responding together, of selecting a Candidate to represent the said two counties in the Senate of the next Legislature.

Pursuant thereto, the President appointed,

Gatesville District—Lassiter Riddick, Noah B. Felton, Thomas Smith, Wm. H. Manning.

Mintonsville District—John C. Trotman, Noah Rountree, David Parker.

Hunter's Mill District—Wm. H. Harrell, John Hunter, Edward R. Harrell.

Folly District—Andrew Voight, Seth R. Norfleet, Simon Walters.

Haslett's District—Benjamin Saunders, Marmaduke Baker, John Willey.

Pipkin's District—Peter Eure, Hardy W. Parker, Robert H. Ballard.

Hall District—James Carter, Johh Brady.

On motion of Whitmell Stallings, Esq., it was unanimously

Resolved, That we do most heartily approve of the nomination of Thomas Bragg, Esq., of Northampton county for the office of Governor of this State, and as he has accepted that nomination and become our candidate, we will take great pleasure in giving him our votes, to which, we feel, he is justly entitled, and we will use all honorable means to secure his election to that office, which, in our opinion, he is eminently qualified to fill.

It was also unanimously *Resolved*, That we cordially approve of the series of Resolutions, embodying the principles of the Democratic party of this State which were adopted by the Convention held in Raleigh on the 19th ult., that we will take them for our guidance, we will adhere to and support them.

On motion of Wm. H. Manning, Esq., it was unanimously

Resolved, That we most sincerely approve of the course pursued by our present able Governor, David S. Reid, that in our opinion he is entitled to the lasting graditude of the friends of popular rights throuhout the State—that in closing his present second Gubernatorial term and retiring from office he will carry with him our sincere wishes that his future may be as bright and agreeable as his past has been successful and useful.

On motion of Whitmell Stallings, Esq., it was also unanimously

Resolved, That the Chairman should appoint two persons from each Captain's District in the county of Gates to select a candidate to represent said county in the House of Commons of the next Legislature.

Whereupon, the Chairman appointed the following:

Gatesville District—Lassiter Riddick, Noah B. Felton.

Mintonsville District—Whitmell Stallings, Wm. Manning.

Hunter's Mill District—David Parker, Wm. H. Harrell.

Folly District—Edward R. Harrell, Seth R. Norfleet.

Haslett's District—Simon Walters, Benj. Saunders.

Pipkin's District—John Willey, Peter Eure.

Hall District—John F. Parker, John Brady.

This Committee, after having retired for a short time, returned, and through their Chairman Wm. H. Manning, Esq., asked for longer time, that they might have till the second Saturday in June next, for the purpose of making a selection—which, on motion, was granted.

On motion of Wm. H. Manning, Esq., the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Chairman and Secretary.

On motion, by the same, it was ordered that the proceedings of the meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and sent by the latter to the Editor of the "Democratic Pioneer" with the request that he publish the same; and that the "Standard" copy.

On motion of Whitmell Stallings, Esq., the meeting then adjourned.

R. GATLING, *Chm'n.*

WM. G. HANCOCK, *Sec.*

ABSTRACT OF THE VOTE ON THE NEBRASKA BILL.

We gave the names of the affirmative and negative voters on the Nebraska bill in the House on yesterday. The following table will be in interesting, as it shows an analysis which will be readily comprehended.

On the passage of the bill (H. R. No. 236) "to organise the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas."

States.	Whole No. of reps.	Affirmative.		Negative.		Absentees and not voting.	
		Dem.	Whig.	Dem.	Whig.	Dem.	Whig.
Maine,	6	1	–	3	8		
New Hampshire,	3	1	–	2			
Vermont,	3	–	–	3			
Massachusetts,	11	–	1	9	–	1	
Rhode Island,	2	–	2				
Connecticut,	4	1	–	3			
New York,	33	9	–	12	10	1	1
New Jersey,	5	2	–	2	1		
Pennsylvania,	25	11	–	5	9		
Delaware,	1	1					
Maryland,	6	4	–	–	–	2	
Virginia,	13	11	–	1	–	1	
North Carolina,	8	4	2	–	2		
South Carolina,	6	3	–	–	–	3	
Georgia,	8	4	2	–	–	2	
Alabama,	7	6	1				
Mississippi,	5	4	–	–	–	1	
Louisiana,	4	3	–	–	1		
Ohio,	21	4	–	7	8	1	1
Kentucky,	10	4	4	–	–	1	1
Tennessee,	10	4	2	–	4		
Indiana,	11	7	–	2	1	1	
Illinois,	9	3	–	1	4	1	
Missouri,	7	2	3	1	–	–	1
Arkansas,	2	2					
Michigan,	4	2	–	2			
Florida,	1	1					
Texas,	2	2					
Iowa,	2	1	–	–	–	–	1
Wisconsin,	3	–	2	2	1	1	
California,	2	2					
Total,	234	99	14	45	55	13	8

Hon. Linn Boyd, of Kentucky, Speaker, did not vote.

RECAPITULATION.

Affirmative.

Democrats from the northern States,	44	
Democrats from the southern States,	55	
Whigs from the northern States,		
Whigs from the southern States,	14	
		113

Negative.

Democrats from the northern States,	43	
Democrats from the southern States,	2	
Whigs from the northern States,	48	
Whigs from the southern States,	7	
		100

Absentees and those not voting.

Democrats from the northern States,	5	
Democrats from the southern States,	8	
Whigs from the northern States,	4	
Whigs from the southern States,	4	
		21

Washington Union.

☞ We cordially endorse the following from the Washington Union:

"HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE.—In the midst of the general joy which has hailed the passage of the Nebraska bill by the House of Representatives, Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, the early and gallant champion of that measure in the Senate of the United States, is everywhere spoken of in terms of high praise. His powerful and courageous speeches and letters did much to instruct and to direct the public mind, and he has every reason to be proud of the result of his labors so far. Although he has been most unscrupulously assailed, yet he has the proud satisfaction to know that his course has been sustained by his great party, and by the approving voice of thousands of men heretofore identified with the opposition. There is not one page in the history of his noble career upon which the future will dwell with more pleasure and profit than that which commemorates his recent distinguished services to the constitution of his country.

We confess that there is one feature of this proud spectacle that we dwell upon with undissembled pleasure—and that is, that of the one hundred and thirteen votes for the Nebraska bill in the House of Representatives, NINETY-NINE are democrats, and that of this number forty-four are from the free States. The power of great principles, and the strength of our organization, are thus incontestably proved.

There is another element in the canvass in the final vote on this question in the House which deserves especial notice—we allude to the fourteen whigs from the South who aided the democracy in the popular branch of Congress to pass this bill, and who so frequently bore testimony, not alone against the subserviency to the abolition power of the North of the whole whig party of the free States, but to the intrepid and unwavering courage of the democratic column. The isolated position, the energy, the enthusiasm, and the devotion of these fourteen men contrasted conclusively with the bitterness and the perseverance against the bill of those who still hope to unite the whigs of the South with the Seward party of the North. To the people of the slave States, this aspect of the Nebraska struggle in Congress is full of warnings; and we much mistake if such gallant spirits as Clingman, Stephens, Caruthers, Abercrombie, &c., &c., will not henceforth seek safety and friends outside of those who now proclaim hostility to the constitutional rights of the South as one of the primary articles of their creed."

THE ELECTION OF BISHOPS. On Friday last the General Conference proceeded to the election of three Bishops. By reference to the proceedings, it will be seen that Dr. George F. Pierce of Georgia was elected on the first ballot, Dr. Early of Virginia on the fifth, and Mr. Kavanaugh of Kentucky on the seventh ballot.

Dr. Pierce is justly regarded as one of the most brilliant pulpit orators in the Church. He is, however, too well known to our readers to require a sketch at our hands.

Dr. Early belongs to the old school of Virginia gentlemen. He is tall and portly in person, and though past the prime of life, still enjoys uninterrupted health and much of the elastic vigor of manhood. His full shock of snow white hair contrasts finely with his ruddy face, and coal black eye-brows. His chief quality is his enegy. He has commanding business qualities, and will unquestionably make an efficient Superintendent.

Mr. Kavanaugh belongs to ths old-school of Methodist Divines. The frosts of many winters have settled upon his head, but he seems to be in full enjoyment of all his faculties, and of robust health. He has a sound, practical mind, and enjoys the confidence of the Church.

Augusta (Ga.) Times & Sentinel.

HYDROPHOBIA. This terrible malady, we are sorry to say, is prevailing to an alarming extent in the country. We have already the present season, had several cases of it in this city; three or four mad dogs have been killed here within the last two or three weeks. We observe in our exchanges that cases are frequent at the North, and as the summer heats have not yet reached their maximum intensity the probability is that from its early appearance this disease will have a larger multitude of victims than usual. There ought to be an instant resort to preventive measures. Dogs ought every where to be sujected to a rigid *surveillance*, and should not be permitted to go at large in the streets. *Petersburg Int.*

A CLINCHER. During the year 1819, while the yellow fever was raging with such violence in this city, a gentleman traveling from New York stopped at a country town, where the inhabitants were mostly Dutch. During his stay, he was asked if the report was true that two or three hundred died every day in the city. He gave a negative answer, and said there had been only fifty or sixty cases in all.

"Well," said the Dutchman, "how many generally come to a year?"

A good woman is like a Cremona fiddle—age only makes its tone the sweeter.

For the Standard.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a called meeting of Wake Forest Lodge No. 97 held at the late residence of Bro. James G. Jeffreys deceased, on the 19th of April A. L. 5854, A. D. 1854, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, In the dispensation of the Providence of the Supreme Ruler of the Universe He has seen proper to remove from our midst our esteemed and worthy Brother JAMES G. JEFFREYS,

Therefore Resolved, That by this dispensation of Providence, our Lodge has sustained the loss of an efficient and worthy member, the community of a charitable and useful citizen, his bereaved widow and children of a kind and devoted husband and father.

Resolved, That we tender to his bereaved widow and fatherless children our heartfelt sympathies in their affliction, and the assurance of our brotherly regard and protection.

Resolved, That we will wear the usual badge of mourning for the space of thirty days as a token of our respect and esteem for the memory of our deceased brother.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing be forwarded to the widow of our deceased brother, and that she be presented with a sealed certificate of his membership in this Lodge.

Resolved, That a copy of the above be forwarded to the Editor of the Raleigh Standard with a request that he publish the same.

W. G. HILL, W. M. P. T.

E. E. GILL, *Sec. protem.*

For the Standard.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a called meeting of Wake Forest Lodge No. 97 Febuary 18th, A. L. 5854, A. D. 1854, held at the residence of Capt. J. Dunn, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, In the dispensation of the Providence of the Supreme Architect of the Universe, He has seen proper to remove from our midst by the hand of death Bro. BOLING DUNN, in whom were combined all the elements of a mild and gentle disposition calculated to endear him to us by the strongest ties of friendship; therefore

Resolved, That by the death of Bro. Boling Dunn our Lodge has been deprived of a worthy mason.

Resolved, That we tender to his parents and relatives our sympathies in this dispensation of Providence.

Resolved, That as a token of our esteem we will wear the usual badge of mourning for the space of thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of the above be forwarded to his parents, also to the Editor of the Raleigh Standard with a request that he publish the same.

JOHN O. JEFFREYS, W. P.

E. E. GILL, *Sec. pro tem.*

CURE FOR A DRY COUGH. Take of powdered gumarabic, half an ounce; liquorice-juice, half an ounce. Dissolve the gum first in warm water, squeeze in the juice of a lemon, then add of paregoric two drachms; syrup of squills, one drachm. Take one tea spoonful when the cough is troublesome.

WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE STORE. We take pleasure in announcing to the ... and North Carolina, that one of our ... returned from the North and East, where he has purchased as extensive and commanding stock of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valises, Wrapping Paper, Lastings, &c., and all other articles belonging to our branch of business.

☞ Our assortment this season will be much larger and more varied than heretofore, in order to meet the demands of a rapidly increasing trade. Our goods have all been bought of First Hands, and selected with great care by an old buyer, of thirty years experience, with special reference to the wants of the Virginia and North Carolina Merchants.

We are now in receipt of a portion of our stock and are in daily expectation of large accessions thereto, which will render our assortment one of the most complete and attractive ever offered to the Southern Trade.

In soliciting an examination we assure our friends and the public generally, that our prices shall be found as low and as reasonable as those of any similar establishment south of Massachusetts.

☞ Merchants and others buying by the Package or Dozen will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as it is our determination to sell as cheap as any of our northern competitors.

W. R. JOHNSON & CO.,
Two doors below Paul & Mellwaine,
East side Sycamore st., Petersburg, Va.

Feb. 23, 1854. 32—tf.

J. W. PRICE, OF SMITHFIELD, JOHNSTON, Co. N. C. would announce to the citizens of Smithfield and vicinity that he has purchased the stand of Col. D. McPherson, where he purposes to establish a WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY STORE, where he will keep constantly on hand a large and choice assortment of Family Groceries, cheaper and of better quality than ever before offered in this community. Please give me a call as I flatter myself I can give satisfaction to all who may favor me with their patronage.

AUCTION.—I shall offer for sale at public auction at my old stand my entire stock of Dry Goods, Queensware, and Hardware. My Dry Goods consist of Plain and Figured Delains, Ginghams, Prints of every style and quality, white and Red Flannell, also a beautiful assortment of Dress Silks. Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Kentucky Jeans, and an assortment of Ready Made Clothing, and many other articles too numerous to mention. Boots, Shoes of every grade, also, my assortment of Hardware and Cutlery, which is unsurpassed by any in the State. Truly a rare chance for good bargains. Attend the sale. I shall auction merchandise every day and evening during Court week and every Saturday after Court week until the entire stock is disposed of.

February 18, 1854. —tf

OXFORD FEMALE COLLEGE.—THE NEXT Session will commence on the first Monday in January, 1854.

RATES TUITION (PAYABLE ONE HALF IN ADVANCE.)

For Reading, Writing, with the first rudiments of English Grammar and Geography,	$10,00
English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic,	12,50
For any thing higher,	15,00
For the College Classes, (without any extra charge for the Languages,)	20,00

EXTRA EXPENSES.

Music on Piano,	20,00
Use of Instrument,	8,00
The same on Guitar,	
Drawing and Painting,	12,00
Oil Painting,	15,00
Needle Work,	5,00
Board per month,	8,00
Washing per month,	1,00

Musical Soirees will be given during each term.

T. T. GRANDY,
Sec'y of Board of Trustees.

December 19, 1853. 10—1yr.

$20 REWARD.—RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSKRIBERS, in the month of February last, a negro known by the name of Jones Kiff, alias Jones Walker, aged about 22 or 23 years, 5¼ feet high, and weighs about 170. Said boy is a bright m

The Standard.

BRAGG AND VICTORY!

RALEIGH. WEDNESDAY, MAY 31, 1854.

FOR GOVERNOR:

THOMAS BRAGG,

OF NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Democratic Republican Ticket for Wake.

FOR THE SENATE:

GASTON H. WILDER.

FOR THE COMMONS:

NATHANIEL G. RAND,
AISLEY HUNTER,
WILSON W. WHITAKER.

☞ The last Greensborough Patriot says, Gen. Dockery has made the following appointments, at which Mr. Bragg will meet him:

Wednesday,	May 31,	Raleigh,
Friday,	June 2,	Brassfield's, Granville,
Saturday,	" 3,	Oxford,
Monday,	" 5,	Roxboro', Person,
Tuesday,	" 6,	Yanceyville, Caswell,
Wednesday,	" 7,	Wentworth,
Thursday,	" 8,	Greensborough,
Friday,	" 9,	Thomasville, Davidson,
Saturday,	" 10,	Lexington,
Monday,	" 12,	Winston, Forsyth,
Tuesday,	" 13,	Mt. Airy,
Wednesday,	" 14,	Yadkinville,
Thursday,	" 15,	Mocksville, Davie,
Friday,	" 16,	Williamsburg, Iredell,
Saturday,	" 17,	Statesville, "
Monday,	" 19,	Mt. Mourne, "
Tuesday,	" 20,	Salisbury,

THE NEBRASKA BILL SAFE!

We announced in our last the passage of this bill by the House of Representatives, by a vote 113 to 100; and on Thursday night last the bill, having been returned to the Senate, the amendment made by the House was concurred in by that body, and the bill finally passed. "The roar of cannon on Friday morning at one o'clock," says the Washington Union," announced the close of a long and arduous session of the United States Senate, and the complete triumph of the Nebraska bill as it came from the House. As the deep tones of the iron-tongued thunder woke the echoes of the adjacent hills, they spoke also of the departure from the councils of the nation of those elements of discord and of irritation—the anti-slavery agitation and abolition excitement—opening for the future a clear and tranquil sky, and promising sunshine and peace for many, many years to come.

The vote upon the final passage of the Nebraska bill, minus the Clayton amendment was even more than decisive than when it was first carried. The following is the list of yeas and nays:

YEAS—Messrs. Atchison, Badger, Brown, Butler, Benjamin, Brodhead, Cass, Clay, Dawson, Douglas, Fitzpatrick, Gwin, Hunter, Johnson, Jones of Iowa, Jones of Tennessee, Mallory, Mason, Morton, Norris, Pearce, Pettit, Pratt, Rusk, Sebastian, Shields, Slidell, Stuart, Thompson of Kentucky, Thomson of New Jersey, Toombs, Toucey, Weller, Williams, and Wright—35.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Bell, Chase, Clayton, Fish, Foot, Gillette, Hamlin, James, Seward, Sumner, Wade, and Walker—13.

The bill (continues the Union) now goes to Franklin Pierce for his signature. That it will be promptly signed, it does not require us to say. The early, active, and enthusiastic support which he gave to this measure—his unremitting exertions in behalf of its great principles—his eloquent appeals to his party friends and to all those who desired his counsel—were in accordance with the consistent record of his career, and proved how well the democracy estimated moral courage and political consistency when they selected him as their standard-bearer. Never has he been known to flinch before a great issue. In Congress the opponent of corrupt legislation and loose expenditures—in New Hampshire the uncompromising foe of all sectionalism—in war the defender of his country's honor—and finally, in the presidential chair the imbodiment of that deep and resistless sentiment which clings to the constitution as to the ark of our political safety, and deems it a first duty to fall in defence of its principles. Sustained by the able and experienced statesmen who compose his cabinet, and who have nobly co-operated with him in support of the Nebraska bill, the President may sign the bill with the proud consciousness that in doing so he follows his own early inclinations and wishes, at the same time that he responds to the action of the patriotic majority of the present Congress, and to the opinions of the American people, North and South.

☞ Greely, of the Tribune, raves over the passage of the Nebraska and Kansas bill. He denounces and repudiates such Whigs as Badger, Kerr, and Stephens, and says he "leaves them to their fate." Of course he entertains different feelings towards those Southern Whigs who voted against the bill. He then abuses the Northern Democrats who sustained the bill. He says "they are enemies to their country, and enemies to their race. As Christians they have foresworn the precepts and trod under foot the doctrines inculcated by the founders of Christianity. As men, they have ruthlessly trampled upon the rights of their fellow men, and forged chains and fetters for the enslavement of millions of their kind." Very amiable in Horace, is it not? Horace thinks slavery will go to Kansas, but not to Nebraska.

☞ The Democratic Committee of Suffolk, Mass., adopted on the 23d resolutions endorsing the Nebraska bill, by a vote of 48 to 8; they also voted to fire a salute of 113 guns, one for each member who voted for the bill.

A national salute was fired at Hartford, Conn., on the receipt of the news of the passage of the Nebraska bill. There were other demonstrations of rejoicing by portions of the Democracy in the free States; but here, in North Carolina, we have no notes of exultation from the Whig press or from the Whigs as a party. The passage of the bill is received by Greely and the Whigs of the free States with imprecations upon those who voted for it; and here it is received by Whigs with studied silence, save an attempt now and then by a Whig paper to produce the impression that the bill ought not to have been offered. The people can draw their own inferences.

THE WILMINGTON CONVENTION.

The Convention held at Wilmington last week, with a view to the improvement of the bar at that place, is said to have been large and enthusiastic beyond any Convention which has ever assembled in the State. His Excellency Gov. Reid was called to preside. Some twenty Counties were represented. We give the Resolutions as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the General Government, by the erection of Jetties on Oak Island for the protection of the fortifications there, and the consequent washing away of the sands upon the opposite point of Bald Head, and their deposite upon the Main Bar of Cape Fear, has been the cause of great and lasting injury to the Commerce of North Carolina.

Resolved, Therefore, that we may rightly appeal to the Government, and we do appeal to it by all the claims of magnanimity and justice, to undo what it has done to our injury, and to restore what it has taken from us.

Resolved, That in the judgment of this Convention, the improvement of the Cape Fear by closing of the New Inlet is a work national in its character, constitutionally unobjectionable, feasible at a cost far below comparison with the benefit of its results, of equal importance to the ship owner and underwriter of the North, and the Merchant and Farmer of the South, and of vital necessity to the Commercial interests of this State; and moreover, that it would obviate, at a great saving of expense to the Government, all necessity for completing the plan already adopted, and as yet but partially executed, for the fortification and defence of Cape Fear Harbor.

Resolved, That North Carolina, who has always been loyal and true to the Constitution and the Union, who began her national history by a magnanimous sacrifice of her individual interest to the general welfare, who has given munificently and received most scantily, who has cheerfully borne her share of the common burdens, without any just and equal participation in the common benefits, has a right to expect of the Government, in the prosecution of this work, an aid proportionate to its importance, and to her need.

Resolved, That the President of this Convention be requested to forward copies of the Report and Resolutions to our Senator and Representatives in Congress, and that they be requested to lay them before their respective houses, and to exert themselves in carrying out the object of this Convention."

In our nextwe will give the proceedings at length, together with the able Report of the Committee on the subject of the improvement asked for.

We copy the following spirited and admirable article from the Journal of Saturday:

"THE BAR CONVENTION.—The length of the official proceedings precludes extended remarks on our part, yet we feel that some acknowledgement is due to our fellow-citizens throughout the State, who have so promptly and so warmly responded to the call of Wilmington. We feel that some acknowledgement is due for the noble and patriotic spirit which has been evinced upon the occasion of the Convention which is now about closing—for the absence of sectional feeling—for the universal sentiment of brotherhood which animated the delegates of every County represented, and which marked the proceedings of meetings held in other Counties, whose delegates were unable to be personally present, but whose feelings were all with us in our efforts for the promotion of the good work in hand. From the city of Raleigh and the County of Wake, so soon to be united to us by bands of iron, the delegation, by its size and respectability, showed the interest with which our brethren there look forward to the connection with Wilmington; from the Counties on the Raleigh and Gaston Road—from the Counties of the West—from Orange, Almance and Mecklenburg—good and true men were with us to lend a helping hand to their brethren of the Seaboard. We need not recapitulate the Counties more directly connected with us. They were surely there. Nor was a portion of a sister State, allied to us in feeling and connected with us by a great work of Internal Improvement, unrepresented. The able President of the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, General Harllee, although a true and staunch son of the Palmetto State, could not withhold his hand, when the object contemplated was the advancement of a great national and Southern work, by developing, in a perfectly constitutional manner, the resources of a great State, and building up an important southern city within her borders.

We can give but a feeble expression to the feelings of gratitude and respect awakened in the hearts of our citizens by the active interest which His excellency Governor Reid, has evinced in the success of the great work so essential to the progress of our commerce and to the development of a large portion of the State. His presence upon the occasion, as the presiding officer of the Convention, has been among the most pleasing incidents of the week, and afforded the most conclusive evidence of the nature of the feeling awakened throughout the State.

As His Excellency truly remarked, the Convention of this week has been the largest which has ever assembled in North Carolina. It has been larger than any Whig or Democratic Convention ever held in the State. The last Democratic Convention exceeded by some few names all preceding Conventions of either party. This Convention exceeds it some 20 names, not to say any thing of the fact that from 50 to 60 were prevented from arriving by the accident to the steamer Fanny Lutterloh. Bearing in mind the short notice given, the success of the Convention has exceeded the hopes of its most sanguine projectors.

May we not hope that this exhibition of almost spontaneous interest by the people of a State in favor of a perfectly constitutional work, will have its proper influence with Congress?

To the delegates, the best thanks of the people of Wilmington are due. We sincerely trust that their visit to our town may be associated with none but pleasant memories, and the homes to which they are about returning be blessed with health and happiness."

We regret that it was not in our power to be present at this Convention; but we take occasion to assure the friends of the contemplated improvement, that we are with them in their views and hopes, and that every effort which this journal can make shall be freely put forth in behalf of this important and desirable work.

The Fayetteville *Argus* denies flat footedly, that Gen. Dockery at Carthage, on the 12th inst., in response to a question put to him by Mr. Bragg, admitted thaf there was no probability of getting any portion of the public lands for North Carolina. The *Argus* denies the charge, and calls for the proof.

Wilmington Herald.

There can be no doubt that Gen. Dockery made the admission referred to. Mr. Bragg himself says, in his letter of the 20th instant, that Gen. D. admitted, in the County of Moore, "that it is improbable we shall get the proceeds of the sales of the public lands." So Gen. Dockery has been advocating the expenditure of millions for internal improvements on the ground that we shall be largely aided in raising these millions by the General Government; and now he admits that it is probable we shall receive no such aid! What statesmanship is that! What can the people expect if they entrust the administration of their affairs to such a politician? Can they depend on him? Can they be certain that he will not find himself mistaken in some other important respect?

☞ The Hon. D. M. Barringer, late Minister to Spain, passed through this City on Saturday, on his way to his home in Cabarrus. Mr. Barringer was greeted by many friends while here. He enjoys the satisfaction of knowing that he acquitted himself while abroad most acceptably to men of all parties.

The Hon. A. V. Brown, Judge Nicholson, of the Washington Union, Hon. Mr. Smith, and Hon. Wm. H. Polk, of Tennessee, were also here on Saturday, on their way to Commencement at Chapel Hill.

☞ We learn that Gov. Reid has notified the Council of State to assemble in this City on the 15th instant.

THE CRY OF REPEAL.

The New York Tribune, the leading Whig paper of the free States, has already raised the cry of repeal of the Nebraska and Kansas bill. Agitation is still to be kept up—the question is not settled, say the opponents of the measure in the free States. This renders it necessary that the Southern people should look to the late vote on this question, and should see to it that their representatives resist this attempt to repeal the act organizing these Territories.

But Southern members of Congress voted against the bill—where will they range themselves in this contest for repeal? Will *they*, too, vote to repeal?

Eternal vigilance is the price of Southern rights. The Southern people, if they would secure their just rights and preserve their institutions unimpaired, must hold to a rigid accountability every man who, in a struggle with the forces of Freesoilism, is not true to the Constitution and to them.

The Democrats of North Carolina have nominated Thomas Bragg as their candidate for Governor. His chief merit, it is said, consists in the fact of his being a little kin to the gallant captain of a 'little more grape' celebrity.—*Richmond Whig.*

The foregoing very mean article, from the Richmond Whig, has been copied into nearly every whig paper in this State. Whig Editors who have engaged in this little business are welcome to all the credit they have gained by it. The truth is, they can prefer no charge against Mr. Bragg which will bear examination; but they wish, on party grounds, to defeat him for Governor, and being vexed because his prospects of election are so good, they resort to the contemptible course shown in the above article.—But they had to *go out of the State* to find the Editor who would start the falsehood that Thomas Bragg is not a man of merit and solid worth.

EARLY VEGETABLES. We are under obligations to Capt. Kilkelly, of the Wilmington and Raleigh Road for a present of a variety of vegetables—snaps, squashes, beets, potatoes, and cabbage. They were the growth of the present season, fresh, tender and of a pure and delicate flavor.

☞ Bear in mind that R. C. Puryear and S. H. Rogers, Whig members of Congress from this State, voted *against* the Nebraska and Kansas bill; and that Mr. Badger and Mr. Kerr, also Whigs, voted *for* it.

How is Gen. Dockery on this issue? Is he with Messrs. Puryear and Rogers or Messrs. Badger and Kerr? He cannot be, as the Raleigh Register is striving to be, with both.

☞ The Hon. K. Rayner has been chosen and has accepted the invitation to deliver an address before the Seaboard Agricultural Society, at the Fair at Norfolk, in October next.

THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

WEDNESDAY, May 24, 1854.

SENATE.

Mr. Seward presented numerous memorials in favor of a ship canal at Niagara Falls; also, ten remonstrances against the Nebraska bill, including one from 105 Methodist Clergymen, and from 434 clergymen of Michigan.

Mr. Benjamin presented the resolutions of the legislature of Louisiana, on the subject of the Africanization of Cuba.

Mr. Clayton boldly and repeatedly denied the truth of the statements made as to an intention on the part of Spain to Africanize Cuba, and expressed his regret and astonishment that distinguished Senators should attempt to mislead the country on the subject. He urged gentlemen to wait until our own government, until the President has spoken on the subject. He concluded by repeating his willingness to yield up the whole subject if it could be shown him that the American Secretary of State, or any other man who was ever in that office, acting under the high responsibilities of that position, will say to the Senate and the world that he believes the story of the emancipation of the slaves in Cuba.

The Nebraska bill was then taken up and read.

Mr. Douglas said it was the same bill as had been passed by the Senate, with the words restored which the Senate had stricken out of its bill.

Mr. Clayton hoped the Senate would now vote on it.

Mr. Pearce, in moving to strike out the provision allowing foreigners who may have declared their intention to become citizens to vote and hold office in the Territories, said that the Senate had voted this amendment on the Senate bill. The reason of it was to confine the right of suffrage to American citizens, native and naturalized. The right of suffrage was one peculiarly belonging to the character of citizens and of none other. It controlled the interests of the country and ought to be exercised by citizens only.

He knew that the practice of the government in this particular had been irregular. In the case of the north-western territory citizenship was not required, but at that time there was no federal Union—no constitution. There was no such thing as a citizen of the United States. There were then only citizens of the respective States of the confederation. It was right, therefore, then to give the right of voting to residents. It was coupled, however, with a condition of two years' residence and freehold qualifications. The same privileges was extended to the Southwestern territory and afterwards to the territory of Mississippi.

In 1808, Congress confined the right of suffrage in Mississippi territory to citizens of the United States who were property holders. The right of suffrage was confined to citizens in the territories of Mississippi, Arkansas, Wisconsin, Iowa, Utah, and New Mexico. A different course was adopted in Oregon, Washington and Minnesota. In these last cases, however, the subject seemed to have attracted no attention, and they ought not to be considered as precedents. By the terms of this bill aliens may vote immediately upon coming into the territory, while officers of the army and navy who may be there are not entitled to vote.

Mr. Walker.—The bill provides that persons in the army and navy, having residence elsewhere, shall not have the right to vote in the territory from the fact of being stationed there.

Mr. Pearce said that the bill repealed the Missouri restriction, and conferred upon the people of the territory the right to settle the question of slavery for themselves. This bill gives to aliens, just arrived in the country, the right to vote on and determine the question which Congress, unable to settle, had, as a last resort, turned over to the people of the Territories. He was unwilling to let any but citizens of the United States have the right to vote on this or any other question.

The debate was continued at great length by Messrs. Brodhead, Atchison, Toombs, and Mason, the friends of the bill declaring that the amendment was of no practical importance, and that, although not generally approved of, they would vote for it rather than risk the delay inevitable from sending it back to the House.

Mr. Pettit said that the bill, if sent back to the House again, might be defeated, and it might not be possible again, for years to come, to get into Congress a body of men who would settle this question of slavery as this bill proposed to do. Defeat this bill, let the question go back to the people, and the cauldron of agitation would again become heated and boil for years.

Further debate ensued, and without coming to a vote the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House resolved itself into committee of the whole on the state of the Union for the consideration of the special order, (the Pacific railroad bill,) which was postponed till to-morrow. The committee took up the deficiency bill.

The committee resumed the consideration of the Senate amendment appropriating a half-million dollars for the construction of works to supply Washington and Georgetown with water, which caused considerable debate.

Mr. Haven said that if the committee got afloat again on this water, they would hardly touch bottom to-day, and appealed to gentlemen to vote.

The amendment was disagreed to.

The Senate amendments appropriating $75,000 to build a bridge over the Little Falls of the Potomac was debated.

Mr. Staunton of Kentucky said the bridge which recently fell there, killing one man and breaking the head of another, was built of rotten iron, with holes in it as big as his fist, plugged up with lead, and painted to hide the defects. He offered a proviso to place the construction of the new bridge under a competent civil engineer, and with this additional amendment it was concurred in.

Having acted on several other amendments, Mr. Walsh moved that the committee arise. There was evidently not a quorum without not drumming up, add besides there were provisions in the bill which ought not to pass.

The House refused to rise, but the difficulty to keep a quorum, owing to the proceedings on the Nebroska bill in the Senate, finally induced the committee to rise, when the House adjourned.

SENATE.

WASAINGTON, May 25, 1854.

The Senate had a very protracted sitting on Thursday, continuing until after 1 o'clock at night, considering the Nebraska bill, the question being upon the proposition by Mr. Pearce, of Md., to insert therein the "Clayton amendment" which had formerly passed the Senate.

Mr. Bell resumed the debate which was continued by Messrs. Toombs, Badger, Clayton, Wade, Brown, Benjamin, Seward, Cass, Mason, Bayard, Jones of Iowa, Butler, Chase and Sumner.

The debate was generally of a highly interesting character, but the friends of the bill had determined to "sit it out," as the phrase is. The amendment of Mr. Pearce was negatived by a vote seven yeas to forty-one nays. Several Senators, in voting against the amendment, expressed their approval of its principle, but voted against it rather than jeopard the bill by returning it to the House. The following is the vote rejecting the amendment:

YEAS—Messrs. Bayard, Bell, Brodhead, Brown, Clayton, Pearce and Thompson of Kentucky—7.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Atchison, Benjamin, Butler, Cass, Chase, Clay, Dawson, Dodge of Wisconsin, Douglas, Fish, Fitzpatrick, Foot, Gillette, Gwin Hunter, James, Johnson, Jones of Iowa, Jones of Tennessee, Mallory, Mason, Morton, Norris, Pettit, Pratt, Rusk, Sebastian, Seward, Shields, Slidell, Stuart, Sumner, Thompson of New Jersey, Toombs, Toucey, Wade, Walker, Weller, Williams and Wright—41.

The bill was then ordered to a third reading by a vote of 35 to 13, as follows:

YEAS—Mssrs. Atchison, Badger, Benjamin, Brodhead, Brown, Butler, Cass, Clay, Dawson, Douglas, Fitzpatrick, Gwin, Hunter, Johnson, Jones of Iowa, Jones of Tennessee, Maliory, Mason, Morton, Norris, Pearce, hettit, Pratt, Rusk, Sebastian, Shields, Slidell, Stuart, Thompson of Kentucky, Tompson of New Jersey, Toombs, Toucey, Weller, Williams and Wright—35.

NAYS—Messrs. Allen, Bell, Chase, Clayton, Fish, Foot, Gillette, Hamlin, James, Seward, Sumner, Wade and Walker—13.

The bill was then read a third time and *passed*; and, at 10 minutes past 1 o'clock, the Senate adjourned.

The bill now only requires the signature of the President to become a law.

The Senate was not in session to-day.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Washburn, of Illinois, the House agreed, when it adjourns, to adjourn till Monday.

Mr. Drum offered a resolution, that the several standing committees of the House, who have matured private bills, be allowed to report the same by filing them with the Clerk, who shall place them in order on the calendar.

Mr. Jones, of Tenn., objected.

Mr. Drum.—We have our desks full of bills.

Mr. Jones.—I am willing to stay here and transact business. Report one bill at a time.

Mr. Houston.—If the House had not agreed to adjourn over we could to-morrow receive those reports.

Mr. Lancaster introduced a bill to establish the office of Surveyor General for Washington territory and a bill for the construction of military roads therein—referred.

The House proceeded to vote on the amendments to the deficiency bill.

The House rejected, 47 against 100, the amendment appropriating $500,000 for continuing the works to supply Washington with water, and likewise rejected the following Senate amendments: To repeal that part of the printing act which provides when any documents shall be ordered to be printed by both Houses of Congress, the entire printing shall be done by the printer of that house which first ordered the same, and divide the printing of the Executive Departments equally between the two printers of Congress; also rejected, 40 against 104, the amendment for Custom-houses at St. Louis, Mobile, Cincinnati, Louisville, Bangor, Bath, Willmington, (Del.) Providence and San Francisco, $771,000; and for Marine Hospitals at Cleveland, St. Louis, Chicago, Louisville, Paducah, Evansville, San Francisco and Burlington, Iowa, $131,500. Adjourned till Monday.

OFFICIAL.

RALEIGH, May 22, 1854.

Special meeting of the Board of Commissioners held this evening:

Present—W. D. Haywood, Esq., Int., Wm. H. McKee, S. W. Whiting, C. B. Root, E. Smith, A. M. Gorman.

The Board proceeded to lay the City Taxes for the present year, to wit: Fifty cents on every $100 value of Real Estate, for city purposes, and five cents as a guard tax.

White poll, one dollar for city purposes, and one dollar as a guard tax. Black poll, one dollar for city and one dollar for guard.

A tax of one dollar on dogs, and two dollars on sluts; on billiard tables, twenty dollars each; nine or ten pin alleys, twenty dollars; circus, fifteen dollars, day or night; menagerie ten dollars per day; concerts, &c., five dollars per night, including use of City Hall.

On motion, Mr. Jas. H. Murray was appointed Collector of city taxes for present year.

On motion, the Clerk was directed to take the Collector's bond for tax list and hand the same over to him.

An account of Mr. Henry J. Brown for $190, for settees in City Hall, was presented and allowed.

J. J. CHRISTOPHERS, *Clerk.*

ILLINOIS WHEAT CROP. The season is now so far advanced that growers can judge, with much accuracy what are the prospects of the approaching wheat crop; and the accounts which reach us from all parts of the State give promise of a full and bountiful harvest. We learn from one of our millers, who has just returned from a tour thoughout this part of the State, that he has never seen finer wheat fields anywhere, and that, if nothing intervenes to cut off the promised yield, the crop will exceed all calculation. Throughout Madison, Jersey, Greene, Macoupin, Montgomery, Scott, and other adjoining counties, a much larger quantity than usual has been planted; and the same we believe, it true in other parts of the State. We shall not be surprised if Illinois shall this year take her place, next to Ohio, as the second wheat-growing State in the Union.

Alton (Ill.) Telegraph.

THE TOBACCO CROP IN KENTUCKY. The tobacco bugs are proving so destructive in Daviess and the adjoining counties of Kentucky, as to diminish materially the crop of the present year. A letter from a planter in Logan county to the editor of the Russellville Herald, says:—"I have never seen as dull a prospect for plants in my life, in this part of the county; and it is thought by the knowing ones that there cannot possibly be more then half a crop pitched this season. Many plant beds, that looked green and flourishing early in the spring, were wholly destroyed by the fly, and what few beds escaped have been seriously injured by the late frosts. The fly has not yet left, and if they continue much longer, the opinion is, that there will be a total failure of a crop this year, in this part of the country.

From our Washington Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, May 27, 1854.

The Quiet of the Sabbath—Close of the protracted session of the Nebraska Bill—Anecdote of the Question—Compromises—Fierce up in the Senate between Messrs. Bell, Badger and Toombs—Resignation of Mr. Everitt, Senator from Massachusetts—Badger's motion in the Senate as to Coal Fields in North Carolina—News from Spain—Mr. Winslow returned—Hunt and Craige matter blowed over—Fruits of Mr. Sumner's Speech in Boston—Dreadful riot and loss of life—President's course.

As I predicted to you in my last letter "the long agony is over," as to the most important question of the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas. No question has, since the days of the Missouri Compromise, so seriously shaken the very foundations of our government; and the basis upon which it at present rests is surer of permanent quiet and future safety than that of 1820. The great principle has been proclaimed and established—that the question of slavery is to be left to the people, and the *right of the people* to regulate this question without any interference of Congress. The bill on Monday last was taken up in the House, amendments after motions and every strategem known in legislative tactics was resorted to, by a unscrupulous and determined minority. It was to the parliamentary experience and tact of Mr. Stevens, of Georgia, to catch these mousers in their own trap. He moved to *strike out the enacting clause* which under the 119th rule had precedence over all motions to amend, and if carried was equivalent to rejection—this motion was carried. The committee rose and reported the bill to the House with the amendment, to strike out the enacting clause. The House refused to agree to the report of the committee. Mr. Richardson then substituted his bill, which, after most exciting and tumultuous scenes was adopted and the bill passed at half-past 10 o'clock at night—113 for it, 100 against it. All your delegation except Messrs. Rogers and Puryear voting for it; for which vote they will be held to a severe responsibility by the people of the State and their Districts. Of the 74 Whigs in the House only 17 voted for it, *and not a single Whig from a free State.* Of the 160 Democrats in the House, 100 voted for the bill—55 from the slave States, and 45 from the free States. From the New England States only three were found true to the bill, and they deserve perpetual remembrance and respect. McDonald of Maine, Hibbard of New Hampshire, and Ingersoll of Connecticut. It was a painful sight for any Southern man to see your immediate representative from the Metropolitan District so grossly violating the interests of his constituents and the true interests of the South, and voting in company with Giddings of Ohio, who openly proclaimed "the right of slaves to cut the throats of innocent women and children," and for such opinions language was expelled from Congress. Mr. Rogers rests his objection upon the refusal of the House to engraft the Clayton amendment. The Clayton amendment struck out that part of the bill conferring the right of voting and of holding office upon those who had declared their intention to become citizens and had taken an oath to support the Constitution, and provided that these rights should only be exercised by citizens of the United States. The act establishing the territory of Missouri declared the right of suffrage to be in residents for 12 months only. The act establishing Minnesota declared the right to be in all who lived in the territory at the time of passing the act. Same as to New Mexico and Utah, and Washington and Oregon. How, therefore, could the refusal to enact the Clayton amendment be any impediment to the mind of any fair and candid statesman? This and his vote upon giving ten millions of Land to the Insane will fix Mr. Rogers' fate beyond all future hope in any Southern State. As to Colonel Puryear, it was hoped that his proverbial prudence would have prevented his falling into a position that his friends must deplore—a blunder which no statesman of ordinary foresight would have committed. He is a doomed man; but this is of but little consequence as he declares that he has discovered his fate is not politics. The bill thus stripped of the Clayton amendment went to the Senate. On Friday morning about one o'clock the heavy booming of cannon announced that the bill had passed the Senate. It seemed even at this "stilly hour of night" that all the city was alive to the important occasion, and with one general shout, like Hamlet's Uncle

"——— Let the kettle to the trumpet speak,
The trumpet to the cannoneer without,
The cannons to the heavens and heavens to earth."

The important question passed by a vote of 35 to 13. This number of 13 seems to have some strange association with this question. It passed the House by 13—it received only 13 votes against it in the Senate. Its distinguished author, Judge Douglas, was born in 1813, and it seems as if the old number of the States which declared independence was thus in our days to be perpetuated and preserved. It only needs the signature of the President to become a law of the land.

There were however some rich scenes in the Senate before the final scene closed, between Bell of Tennessee, Toombs and your Senator Badger. But the Democrats, like the woman in the fight between her husband the bear, did not much care which whipped. It appears at a caucus of the Southern Whig Senators, and at this caucus they solemnly resolved to support the bill; and a committee appointed to advise Gales and Seaton that the course of the National Intelligencer did not, nor could receive their support, *and Mr. Badger was authorized to declare that the Southern Whig Senators were a unit upon the occasion.* This was fully and minutely detailed by Mr. Toombs—in which Mr. Pratt of Maryland (Whig) and Mr. Badger argued. Bell pronounced that "whoever stated he was there when such authority was given pronounced an *infamous falsehood*," and that so far as Mr. Badger was concerned, "all friendly relations between must be at an end." But no blood has yet been spilled upon this occasion, and such scenes are, since the absence of Foot, Borland & Co. of rare occurrence.

Mr. Everitt, the Whig Senator from Mass., has resigned from ill health. His successor is not yet appointed, but it is believed that Mr. Winthrop will be appointed.

The motion of Mr. Badger and reports of the coal fields of North Carolina, have created much interest in Congress and with the nation; the more your State is known, the higher she will be appreciated. I am happy to state that the affair between Messrs. Craige and Hunt, stands as did. Mr. Craige's position was right at first, was right on the next day and has been right all the time. His health has been feeble ever since his arrival here, and needs some relaxation from severe duty.

Warren Winslow, Esq., of your State has returned from his late special mission to Spain, and is accompanied by the new Spanish Envoy, Mr. Cueta, who it is hoped may be empowered to settle the existing differences between our nation and Cuba. It seems to be a settled idea, that the feeble power of the Spanish Crown cannot long hold their possessions in Cuba; no one thinks of allowing any other government to hold them than the United States.

There occurred last night in Boston a fearful riot, growing out of the abolitionists in reference to a fugitive slave, Burns—a collision took place outside between the abolitionists and the authorities—the deputy Marshal, James Bachelder, was shot dead, and several severely, if not fatally wounded. This is but the legitimate fruits of the inflammatory speeches of Sumner, to whom Judge Douglas replied in the Senate not two days ago, that such would be the consequences of his advice, and all he regretted was that the authors of the mischief were not the sufferers instead of their misguided followers. The President telegraphed the Marshal at three to-day, "the law must be obeyed and carried out." The country will be safe under such an administration. L. D.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT. On Wednesday last, a little before dark, the steamer Fanny Lutterloh came in contact with the Gov. Graham about thirty miles below Fayetteville, and was so badly injured in her side timbers that she almost immediately sunk. There was a large number of passengers, some 40 or more, on board at the time, some of whom were ladies and children. They were all rescued however without injury, except Mrs. John Smith of this county, who we regret to say, was severely injured, her shoulder being dislocated in drawing her from the water. There was but very little freight on the Fanny, and the loss from that source is but slight. Some of the baggage of the passengers floated off before it could be rescued from the sinking boat. The Graham was not injured. *Rep. Car.*

The Cuban Difficulty.

WASHINGTON, May 28. President Pierce will probably send in a very belligerent message on Monday, in regard to Cuba.

MARRIED,

In Wake County, N. C., on the 4th inst., at the residence of John W. Hunt, by Wm. E. Lawson, Esq., Hamilton Hester, Esq., of Granville, to Miss Susan A. Williams, of Roxboro'.

In this City, on the 28th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Seaton, Mr. [illegible] to Miss Sarah Gales, Editor of the Register.

In Craven county, on the 9th ult., Mary Ann, aged 4 years, 5 months and ten days; Also on the same disease, on the 21st ult., William B., aged 8 years, 5 months and 20 days; both children of Wm. B. Wadsworth, Esq.

At his late residence, near Warrenton, N. C., on the 16th inst., James Somerville, in the 71st year of his age.

In Warrenton, on the 17th inst., W. A. K. Plummer, in the 20th year of his age.

In Orange, on the 19th inst., Mr. James Clark, in the 74th year of his age. Also, Mr. Wilson Watson, aged 53.

THE MARKETS.

RALEIGH MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD,
BY WM. C. UPCHURCH.

MAY 29, 1854.

FLOUR—From $6 50 to $6 87.
BACON—9 to 10 cts. per lb., hog round.
LARD—11 cts. per lb.
BUTTER—20 cts. per lb. scarce.
EGGS—12½ cts. per dozen.
CHICKENS—10 to 12½ cts. each, scarce.
CORN—$4 50 to $5 00 per barrel.
MEAL—$5 00 per barrel.
FODDER—$1 90 @ $2 00 per 100 lbs.
OATS—$1 10 per 100 lbs., sheaf.
" 60 cts. per bushel.
STOCK PEAS—Red, 90 cts. per bushel.
" White, 90 cts. " "
DRIED APPLES—$1 per bushel, scarce.
" PEACHES—$2 " scarce.
SWEET POTATOES—90c. @ $1 per bushel, scarce.
FRESH PORK—8c. @ 9cts. per lb.
" BEEF—6 cts. per lb. on foot.
COTTON—8 cts. per lb.

NORFOLK MARKET.

REPORTED FOR THE "NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD"
BY A. M. M'PHEETERS & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding & Commission Merchants,
No. 6 ROANOKE SQUARE.

May 27.

FLOUR—Remains as last quoted, say S. F. $8½; Extra $9; Family $9¼ @ $9½. With a rapidly decreasing stock.
CORN—Is dull at 64 @ 65 c. f.r mixed; 68 for white; 70 @ 71c. for yellow.
B. E. PEAS—$1 10 @ $1¼.
COTTON—Is inactive at former quotations.
NAVAL STORES—Sales of Tar at $3 ¼, delivered in order. Spirits Turpentine declined at 48 @ 50 cents. Crude Turpentine dull. No sales of fine Rosin.
STAVES—Dull and without change.
HAY—Is very scarce and commands $1¼ from store.
LIME—Scarce, Thomaston $1¼; W. C. $1 25.
GUANO—The Peruvian Government have advanced the price $5 per ton; alleging as a reason the large advance in freights. The stock in Agents' hands is considered amply sufficient for the probable demand. This advance has been made general throughout the country.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

May 27.

TURPENTINE—We note a sale yesterday afternoon of 27 bbls. at $2 70 for yellow dip. This morning, sales of 180 do at $3 05 for virgin, $2 60 for yellow dip, and $1 10 for hard—$ 280 lbs.; at which prices we quote the market firm.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE—We hear of no transactions since yesterday's report. The market is rather quiet this morning, and buyers do not seem disposed to transact; sellers asking 38 cents $ gallon.
ROSIN—Common Rosin rules dull, and demand light. Sales yesterday of about 1200 bbls at 95 cents for small, and $1 05 for large size bbls—being a decline on last sales.
TAR—In this article we note an advance of 5 cents on previous quotations, with sales yesterday and this morning of 122 bbls. at $3 25 $ bbl.; market firm and fair demand at above price.
CORN—Of the cargoes reported on market yesterday, we note sales as follows, as in quality; 1500 bushels at 81½ cts., 4,980 do. at 82½ cents, and 3,700 do. at 84 cents $ per bushel; none now on market, and fair demand.
PEAS—50 bushel Cow Peas sold yesterday from vessel, at $1 05 per bushel.
TIMBER—Sales of two rafts at $6 50 per M.

Journal.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

May 27.

A slight improvement in FLOUR has taken place—sales at $7 10 for super.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Is lower, and sells at 35 cts.
No other changes to note this week. *Carolinian.*

TAR RIVER MALE ACADEMY.—The first session of this Academy for the year 1854 will close on the 31st inst. On the 30th the public examination of the classes will take place. There will be public declamation and other exercises on the 31st. The patrons of the School and its friends generally are respectfully invited to attend.

The next session will commence on Monday the 3rd day of July next, and parents are requested to enter their sons at the commencement of the session if practicable. The price of boarding per month is five dollars.

The prices for tuition per session of five months are—

Elementary Branches,	$7 50
Higher English,	10 to 12 50
Languages,	15 00

The necessary expenses of the most advanced scholar including tuition, boarding, &c., per five months, need not exceed forty-one dollars.

This institution is located in Granville county, nine miles West of Oxford, in a quiet and moral neighborhood and affords superior advantages for the education of youth.

The School will continue under the charge of its present Principal J. C. Rhodes, A. M.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
C. W. ALLEN, *Secretary.*

TRUSTEES: Dr. J. A. Russell, Wm. Clement, L. P. Allen, Allen W. Allen, Jas. C. Cozart.

May 30, 1854. 102[illegible]—tf July.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY.—The examination of the pupils of this institution will take place on the 8th and 9th of June. On the evening of the 8th a concert of music will be given in the Academy building, by the young ladies of the School. On the 9th an Address will be delivered by E. G. Reade, Esq., in the Presbyterian Church.

The next session will commence on the 3rd of July and close on the last Friday in November. A new and commodious building will be completed and ready for the reception of pupils at the commencement of the next term, affording more extensive and better accommodations than heretofore. Parents and Guardians are again reminded of the importance to the pupils, that they be present at the very beginning of the session, in order to take

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS AT RALEIGH.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad and Stage Lines at and from Raleigh.

NORTHERN MAIL,—(By Railroad.)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 6½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

SOUTHERN MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack.)—
Leaves daily ..... at 7½ a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 3 p. m.
(Mail closes at 6½ a. m.)

WESTERN MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coaches.)—
Leaves daily ..... at 8 a. m.
Arrives daily ..... at 2½ p. m.
(Mail closes at 8 a. m.)

PITTSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Sunday and Wednesday ..... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Monday and Thursday ..... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 p. m.)

GOLDSBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Four-horse Coach.)—
Leaves daily, (except Sunday,) ..... at 7 a. m.
Arrives daily, (except Monday,) ..... at 11 p. m.
(Mail closes at 7 p. m.)

TARBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Two-horse Hack,)—
Leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday, ... at 5 a. m.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, ... at 7 p. m.
(Mail closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.)

ROXBOROUGH MAIL,—(By Horse.)—
Leaves Friday, ... at 12 m.
Arrives Friday ..... at 9 a. m.
(Mail closes Friday at 12 m.)

ELEGANT BOOKS, *PREPARED AND PUBLished expressly for the Fall and Holiday sales of* 1853–54. *All of the following are splendidly illustrated.* THE WhiteVeil, a bridal Gift, McCaulay's lays, of Ancient Rome, The Bow in the Cloud, or covenant Mercy for the Afflicted, Roger's complete Poetical Works, Campbell's complete poetical Works, Moore's Irish Melodies, Edith May's Poetical works, the Proverbialist and the Poet, Cabinet of Modern Art. First Series. Cabinet of Modern Art. Second Series. Lyrics of the Heart, &c. by Alaric A. Watts, Records of Woman, Songs of the Affections, &c., by Mrs. Hemans, Read's Female Poets of America, Hart's Female Prose writers of America, Tupper's Poetical Works, Leaflets of Memory, an Illuminated Annual for 1854, Friendship's offering for 1854, the Snow Flake for 1854, Affection's Gift for 1854, the Gem Annual for 1854, Christmas Blossoms, a Juvenile Gift for 1854, Butler's Royal Quarto Bible, elegant styles. Butler's Small Quarto Bible, elegant styles. Longfellow's Hyperion, Lady of the Lake, Book of the Passions, by James, Gray's Poetical Works, Specimens of British Poets by Campbell, Book of the Heart, Characteristics of Women, by Mrs. Jameson, Poetry of the Year, or passages from the Poets, descriptive of the Seasons, Griswold's Female Poets of America, Halleck's Poetical Works, Pilgrim of Beauty, Poems of Amelia, Sacred Poets of England and America.
For sale by H. D. TURNER.
Raleigh, Dec. 20th, 1853. 19—

WILSON & GRICE,
GENERAL COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No. 11, High Street and Pierce's Wharf,
Portsmouth, Va.,
Give their personal and prompt attention to the Sale and Forwarding of Produce and Merchandize of every description, and make liberal consignments.
REFERENCES.
Geo. W. Mordecai, Esq., Raleigh.
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh.
" King, Thomas & Barrow, Louisburg.
" R. N. & D. C. Herndon, Oxford.
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, Warren County.
Col. S. S. Royster, Granville.
Messrs. Jno. White & Co., Warrenton.
" Montgomery & Plummer, Warrenton.
Col. Walter Gwynn, Chief Eng. Central Rail Road.
SAMUEL M. WILSON. GEO. W. GRICE
May 24, 1853. 48—1y.

STEAM ENGINE AND CIRCULAR SAW MILL FOR SALE!!—The subscriber having made other arrangements now offers for sale a No. 1, twenty-four horse-power, STEAM ENGINE and SAW MILL, which he warrants to be inferior to no Engine of the same capacity. As the Engine and Saw Mill have been fully tested, he deems it unnecessary to say more than to refer persons wishing to purchase to Messrs. Silas Burns, Albert Johnson, or any other competent Machinist.
THEO. H. SNOW.
Raleigh, Dec. 15, 1853. 13—tf.

ED. GRAHAM HAYWOOD,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
Will attend the County and Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, Chatham and New Hanover. He is to be found at the office formerly occupied by the late Hon. Will. H. Haywood, Jr.
Raleigh, January 8, 1854. 16—w&sw6m.

LAW NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING REMOVED TO RALEIGH respectfully offers his services to all persons having business in the Supreme Court, or in the County and Superior Courts of Wake and adjoining Counties, as an ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR.
☞ Office, Fayetteville Street, near Yarbrough's.
EDWARD CANTWELL.
Raleigh, Jan. 19, 1854. 19—6m.

GARDEN AND GRASS SEEDS, FOR 1854. The Subscriber has just received his supply of Garden, Grass and other Seeds for the growth of 1854, of *every variety* Gardeners and others are requested to make an early call, in order to get whatever kinds they may want. All Seeds warranted to be *fresh and genuine*.
P. F. PESCUD,
Raleigh, Jan. 7, 1854.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD.—Slaves are not permitted to travel on the Rail Road without a written permit from their owners. Duplicates should in all cases be given, as the Ticket Agents are instructed to retain one copy of every pass. JAMES M. POOL,
Ticket Agent.
Raleigh, January 6, 1854. 15—

SUPERIOR GREEN TEA.
Superior Black Tea.
Gunney and Hemp Bagging.
Bale Rope and Twine. For sale by
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Oct. 18th, 1853. 96—

FOR SALE.—I offer my house and lot in Chapel Hill for sale, the lot contains 4 acres, the house is a new brick building, the body of which is two story, with four Rooms, 40 by 19 feet with an Ell of 30 feet by 15 with two Rooms, and is of one story, a good well of water and other out houses, is on the street directly west of the College and is a very desirable situation. Terms accommodating. E. HUNT.
Chapel Hill, Feb. 22nd, 1854. 26—tf1stJ.pd.

PAINT'S, OILS & VARNISH.—The Subscriber is receiving his Spring stock of Paints, Oils and Varnishes, of all kinds and qualities, and in quantities, commensurate with the greatly increased demand. He would call especial attention to his superior quality of Pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Coach and Furniture Varnish, and respectfully invite purchasers to Examine his Stock and prices before buying in this or the northern Markets, believing he is able to give them superior inducements.
P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, March 28, 1854. 38—

$20 REWARD.—RANAWAY FROM THE Subscriber, in the month of May last, a negro slave named PAUL, aged about 25 years, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, with a large mouth and fine teeth—weighs about 160 or 165 pounds. The above reward will be paid for his delivery to me at Raleigh.
M. A. BLEDSOE.
Raleigh, August 25, 1852 81—tf.

HATS.—SUPERIOR BLACK MOLESKIN, SEPTEMber style,
1 Case Cassimere Hats for Winter,
Mexican and other Fancy Hats,
Good Wool Hats for Farmers, &c.
J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, Sept. 26, 1853. 90—

LOST.—ONE PROMISSORY NOTE, made Payable by R. D. ATKINSON & PHARAOH RICHARDSON to E. P. STEVENS, for Four Hundred and Fifty Dollars, and dated 12th of November, 1853. All persons are hereby forbid to trade for said Note, and the said Atkinson & Richardson are hereby forwarned from paying said Note to any person save myself.
B. R. HINNANT.
Smithfield, Jan. 7, 1853. 16—tf.

OSAGE ORANGE.—The Hedge Plant of America, The Osage Orange, has more than met the most sanguine expectations of its friends; and so far as regards the great object in view, a good and beautiful fence, adaptation to our climate, variety of soil, hardiness, easy propagation, and cheapness, it is all that can be desired. A supply of the seed, and a Treatise on the cultivation of the plant, may be had of P. F. PESCUD.
Raleigh, March 28, 1854. 38—

KADER BIGGS,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Tunis's Wharf, Town Point,
Norfolk, Va.
References—Messrs Bloodgood & Co., E. P. Tabb, & Co., and Alex'r. Bell, Esq., Norfolk; Hon. Asa Biggs, William ston, N. C.; Col. J. B. G. Roulhac, Raleigh, N. C.; Lewis Thompson, Esq., Bath, N. C.
February 1, 1854. 23—1ysw.

NEW FLOURING MILL.—THE SUBSCRIBER'S NEW FLOURING MILL is now in successful operation, and he is turning out a very superior article of flour. He is now ready for custom, which he respectfully solicits. The best cash prices paid for wheat.
My Mills are situated within about two miles of Raleigh, on Walnut Creek.
W. F. COLLINS.
Sept. 27, 1853. 90—tf.

A NEW SUPPLY OF PICTURES, WITH AND without Frames, also Gilt Moulding of every description, for sale at the MUSIC STORE.

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY.—The subscriber has on hand the largest stock of Farming Implements to be found in the State, embracing horse powers and threshers, which he will exhibit at the State Fair, held which have taken the first premiums at the late Fair, held in Baltimore and this city; wheat Threshers, wheat Drills and Seed Sowers, corn Planters, Corn shellers of every kind, to shell from 3000 to 1500 bushels per day, which are sold low, and warranted fully equal to any to be found in the Union; straw cutters for hand and horse power, hominy Mills, Grist mills capable of grinding 20 bushels of good meal per hour; Corn Cob Crushers, Vegetable Cutters, Fan mills, some of which have taken 54 premiums with several medals and certificates of their pre-eminence over all others; Harrows of every size and shape. Cullivators for one and two horses, with wrought and cast iron and reversable steel teeth, Cotton and Tobacco Cultivators, Plows of all patterns for one, two, three and four horses, as large and desirable an assortment as can be found in any house north or south, with 40 tons of Plow Castings to suit; ox Yokes, ox Bows, Yoke irons, Bow pins, whiffle Trees, Trase Chains, Ox and Log Chains, Axes, Grub hoes, wedges, Drag and Cultivator Teeth, spades, shovels, Forks, (some worth $6 each,) Garden Tools, hoes, Garden Plows and Cultivators, Chain Pumps, Cast Iron Pumps, Garden Engines, Post-hole Augers, Bull Rings, Ox Bells, Butter Churns, with every other desirable Implement for the Farm, to be found in any Agricultural House north or south, with many other desirable goods, viz: Bar Iron of all sizes for the farm, blacksmith, ship wright, carriage makers, &c. &c.; bellows, anvils, vices, stocks and dies, hand and sledge hammers, blast pipes, cart boxes, carriage axles and springs, couldrons and other hollow castings, grindstones framed and not framed, with friction rollers for same, &c., with a large lot of superior green and black teas, cigars, white and colored carpet warp, hemp twine for sturgeon nets, wrought and cut nails, ship and boat spikes, with a great many other goods, which cannot be enumerated in an advertisement. All in want, are invited to call and supply themselves on the best terms.
S. MARCH.
Norfolk, Va., Dec. 15, 1853. 10—

NEW ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS AT THE BAZAAR!!—White, Buff, Brown, Mottled, Plaid, Striped and Planters' Linen Coats; White and Buff Grass Coats; Drab, Blue and Mottled Croton Coats; Black and Fancy Alapaca Coats; Plaid and Fancy Cassimere Coats; Black Summer Cloth and Cassimere Sacks, half Sacks and Frocks; Tweeds, Cashmeretts and Angolas Sacks; Planters' Linen, Plaid, White, Striped, Mottled, Linen, and Cassimere Pants in great variety. Sontag, Cassimere, Silk and Linen Vestings, Quiltings and Weltings Vestings, rich styles. A large assortment of Lawn and Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Plain and Fancy Borders. Silk and Lisle Embroidered Cravats; Plain and Fancy Lawn Cravats; Fancy Silk Cravats. Alexander's and Chossin's White and Colored Kid Gloves; Black, Lisle and Linen Gloves; Washed Norway Gloves; Fine Doe Gloves; Black Colored Silk Gloves; Plaid and Striped Silk and Cotton Half Hose Gloves. We are weekly receiving large supplies selected from the most desirable styles in the market, which we warrant made equal to custom work in fit and finish.
Our furnishing Department comprises every new and fashionable article necessary for a regular outfit, which will be sold at the lowest market prices by
A. S. SHAFER & CO., Clothing Bazzaar,
Sycamore Street.
Petersburg, April 28, 1852. 47—

1854. SPRING SUPPLIES OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—W. H. ADDINGTON & CO., would call the attention of every Merchant in Virginia and North Carolina to their *Wholesale stock of Boots and Shoes*, offered for sale at reasonable prices, on a credit of 6 months, at their Large New Store, No. 37, Main Street.
The stock consists in part as follows, viz:
10,000 pair Men's Kip Brogans, various qualities,
8,000 " Gent's Calf and fine Wax Leather Bootees,
2,000 " Men's split Brogans,
1,000 " Gent's Calf Oxford ties,
3,000 " " Fancy Gaiters, Patent Leather Shoes and other fashionable style of Dress Sho s,
2,500 " Men's fine Oalf Boots, long legs.—Also Kip Boots, all qualities,
3,000 " Women's peg Buskins, different kinds,
1,000 " " sewed " Calf and Goat Skin, prime,
15,000 " Ladies' Gaiter Boots, Jenny Lind Shoes, and other Fancy styles of Ladies' Shoes,
10,000 " Women's cheap Morocco Shoes, various kinds,
4,000 " Misses and Children's Shoes, all kinds,
3,000 " Boys and Youths Bootees, &c.
W. H. ADDINGTON & CO., have just added $100,000 worth of Boots and Shoes to their Spring stock—it will be found very complete, and they hope every Merchant will call and examine ther stock.
Terms—6 months credit.
W. H. ADDINGTON & CO.
Norfolk, Feb. 7, 1853. 24—

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.—JUST RECEIVED AT THE LADIES' SALOON, Norfolk, Va., 100 cases India Rubber Shoes, which is a part of our Fall orders. This stock of Rubbers is of the very best quality, and will be warranted not to be affected by any temperature of the weather. It consists of Men's India Rubber Boots, short legs, long legs, and some extra long legs, for Wading and Fishing.
Men's India Rubber Shoes, Clogs, Slippers, Sandals, &c.
Women's India Rubber Boots, Bootees, Buskins, Slippers, Sandals, Clogs, and Over Gaiters.
Ladies' fine India Rubber Shoes, Slippers, Sandals, &c., of the most beautiful and delicate make.
A new style of Gossamer Rubbers for Ladies' have been just received also at the Ladies' Saloon. There has never been any thing like them out before, and as we are the Agents for the Manufacturer no other dealer in Norfolk or in the States of Virginia and North Carolina can sell them unless purchased through our House.
The Merchants of Norfolk, Portsmouth, Petersburg and Richmond as well as those country Merchants from Virginia and North Carolina can be supplied at Manufacturers' prices at the Ladies' Saloon, with the goods from this celebrated Factory. They are superior in point of durability, beauty and style to any others that are now made in this country.
The goods are now open for inspection, and orders are respectfully solicited.
The Ladies' Saloon is at No. 37, Main street, Norfolk, Va., Sign of the Large Plate Glass Windows.
W. H. ADDINGTON & CO.,
Norfolk, Va.
September 9th, 1853. 84—

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.—WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, are now receiving large additions to their stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS, WINDOW GLASS, PERFUMERY, &c., &c., from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.
Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.
Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.
Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.
We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit its continuance.
Raleigh, April 28, 1851. 94—

Goldsborough Drug Store.
THE SUBSCRIBERS having returned from the North, respectfully inform the public that they have purchased; and are receiving one of the largest and most commanding stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, &c., that has ever been offered to the North Carolina Trade. As we buy almost entirely by the package, we are enabled to sell as low as any house, North or South. We would say to Physicians, Merchants and others in want, that we are prepared to duplicate all orders that have been filled North or South. We return our sincere thanks to those Physicians, Merchants and the public generally, for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed upon us, and hope by strict attention to business, and selling none but the best articles, at the lowest prices, to receive a continuance of the same.
VAUGHAN & MOORE.
Goldsborough, April 11. 45—

ARTICLES IN ROSEWOOD, &c.—LONDON-made Portable Desks, for Ladies or Gentlemen, some of which are inlaid with pearl, have secret drawers, and are lined with silk velvet. Our assortment of Desks is very complete.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases, of Rosewood, Ebony, &c. plain and furnished, in variety.
Ladies Work Boxes, of French, English and German manufacture, some of which are splendidly furnished, and are very suitable for bridal or other presents.
Glove Boxes, of rosewood, ebony, enamelled wood, &c.
Odor Boxes, of ebony, rosewood, &c., with bottles complete.
Papier Machie Goods, &c. Consisting of Port Folios, Work Boxes, Portable Desks, Tables, Port Monnaies, &c. These Goods are of the very finest quality.
For sale by HENRY D. TURNER,
N. C. Book Store.
Raleigh, January 6, 1854. 15—

BAKERY & CONFECTIONARY.—PUTTICK & MITCHELL would respectfully inform the public that their establishment is now in the "full tide of successful experiment," and they are prepared to execute all orders in their line: in Cake and Bread-baking, Candy making, &c. Nuts, Fruits, Groceries, &c., always kept on hand.
CIGARS.—Our stock of Cigars is very large, some of them of the choicest brands, such as Ele Gratitude, Cobden Regalias, Silvas, Excelsior, El Ciervo, Steamboat Principes, and a variety too numerous to mention.
☞ Parties in the City or country furnished with every description of Confectionaries, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. BRIDE'S CAKE carefully packed and sent to any part of the State. Sugar and Molasses Cakes, also Candy, suitable for country Stores, packed in barrels or smaller packages, cheaper than they can be bought at any other House in North Carolina or Virginia. Low profits and quick sales, is our motto.
Raleigh, May 28th, 1853. 56—tf.

PLEASANT GROVE MALE ACADEMY,
Wake Forest, N. C.—WILLIAM M. CRENSHAW, A. B., Principal.—The Seventh Session of this institution will commence on the 2nd Monday in January next. Tuition from $5 to $16 per session. The Academy is situated 1 mile from Forestville. The location of this institution for health, morality and convenience cannot be surpassed by any. The Trustees of this school have more than realized their expectations in Mr. Crenshaw as a teacher, and would say to the public that he is a thorough scholar and a good instructor. Board can be had at $6 per month. For further particulars address DR. WESLEY HARTSFIELD,
Forestville, Wake Co., N. C.
Nov. 23, 1853. 8—tf.

NORTH-CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, *Raleigh*.—This Company has been in successful operation for more than seven years, and continues to take risks upon dwellings and property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.
Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present Capital is over Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.
The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company, has been less than one-third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.
The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year:
DIRECTORS.

Jos. G. B. Roulhac,	of Raleigh.	John Cox, Edenton,
C. W. D. Hutchings,		Joshua Bonner, Salem,
Jno. R. Williams,		J. H. Pool, Elizabeth City,
John Primrose,		F. F. Fagan, Plymouth,
H. D. Turner,		Alex'r Mitchell, Newbern,
S. W. Whiting,		W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough,
T. H. Selby,		
Geo. McNeil, Fayetteville,		H. B. Williams, Charlotte,
J. G. Wright, Wilmington,		John B. Barrett, Milton,
Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington,		A. T. Summt, Asheville.
James Sloan, Greensboro',		

All Directors are authorised to receive applications.
OFFICERS.
J. G. B. Roulhac, *President*,
Henry D. Turner, *Vice-President*,
S. W. Whiting, *Treasurer*,
John C. Partridge, *Secretary*,
John H. Bryan, *Attorney*,
J. Herman, *General Agent*,
S. W. Whiting, } *Executive Committee.*
Jno. R. Williams, }
John Primrose, }
All communications in reference to Insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.
JOHN C. PARTRIDGE, *Secretary*.
Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1853. 19—

GREENSBOROUGH Mutual INSURANCE COMPANY.—The cost of Insurance on the Mutual plan is but a small sum, compared with a joint stock company. This company being located in the Western part of the State, consequently much the larger portion of the risks are in the West, very many of which are in the country.
The Company is entirely free from debt; have made no assessments, and have a very large amount in cash and good bonds, and is therefore confidently recommended to the public.
At the last Annual Meeting the following Officers were elected for the ensuing year:
JAMES SLOAN, *President*.
S. G. COFFIN, *Vice President*.
C. P. MENDENHALL, *Attorney*.
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary and Treasurer*.
DIRECTORS:

James Sloan,	Dr. S. G. Coffin,
Dr. J. A. Mebane,	Jamestown.
C. P. Mendenhall,	William A. Wright,
Wm. S. Rankin,	Wilmington.
Rev. C. F. Deems,	Dr. C. Watkins,
James M. Garrett,	Carolina F. College.
Jed. H. Lindsay,	John I. Shaver,
W. J. McConnell, Greensborough.	Salisbury.
E. F. Lilly, Wadesborough.	John H. Cook, Fayetteville.
W. P. Moore, Newbern.	J. J. Biggs, Raleigh.
H. H. Burwell, Henderson.	Robert E. Troy, Lumberton.
J. L. Bridgers. Tarborough.	Dr. Rob't H. Scales, Lenox Castle.
Geo. T. Cooke, Raleigh, *Agent*.	PETER ADAMS,
William H. Cumming, *General Agent*.	*Secretary*.

December 12th, 1853. 8—1y.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE IN-SURANCE COMPANY.—*Office, Raleigh, N. C.*—This Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.
The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5,000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for two-thirds their value.
OFFICERS.
Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, *President*.
Wm. D. Haywood, *Vice President*.
James F. Jordan, *Secretary*.
Wm. H. Jones, *Treasurer*.
Quentin Busbee, *Attorney*.
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, *Examining Physician*.
J. Herman, *General Agent*.
All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.
Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN,
Secretary.
Raleigh, April 28th, 1850. 51—

☞ The STANDARD OFFICE is being thoroughly re-fitted with an extensive assortment of New and Beautiful TYPE, of every description, and suited to all qualities and kinds of work—New PRESSES, and every other appliance requisite in the execution of the best quality of work at the greatest speed.
Raleigh, *July* 30, 1853.

BALTIMORE PIANO MANUFACTORY.—IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT—*Elastic Universal Touch.*—Wise & Brother, Manufacturers of Boudoir Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first-rate Instrument—one that Ladies can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is chaste of style, of superlative touch and tone, that will stand in concert tune, and last a life time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. Scott's.
These Instruments are more in general use in the Cities among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circulars, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.
J. J. Wise & Brother.
Dr. W. R. SCOTT, *Agent*.
Raleigh, January 11th, 1850. 20—tf.

MORE DESIRABLE THAN EVER!!
JUST RECEIVED AT THE N. C. MUSIC STORE, the largest and most elegant assortment of new and fashionable Music that has yet been offered. Call and examine.
ALSO FOR THE LADIES. This day received a very extensive assortment of Perfumery, comprising extracts for the Handkerchief, for the Toilet, for the Hands, for the Teeth, for the Hair.
FOR THE GENTLEMEN. The Beard. There also, may be found the inimitable and delectable Upper Ten Extract.
The best assortment of STRINGS to be found in the State. Prices reduced.
☞ MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Accordeons, Violins, Banjos, Tamborines. Now opening at the
N. C. MUSIC STORE.

CARAWAN'S TRIAL.—TRIAL OF THE REV. Geo. W. Carawan for the murder of Clement H. Lassiter before the Superior Court of Law of Beaufort County, N. C., Fall Term, 1853, together with a sketch of the murderer's life and the tragical termination of the trial—his attempt, in presence of the Court, to shoot one of the counsel who appeared against him on the trial, and then killing himself; also the arguments of the counsel, with seven engravings. For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, Jan. 27, 1854. 22—

Fall and Winter, 1853.
JUST RE'EIVED BY THE SUBSCRIBER:
Black and colored Silks,
French and English Merinoes, a fine assortment,
Printed and Plain Muslin DeLains,
Worked Collars and Undersleeves,
Embr'd and Plain Linen Cambric H'd'k'fs,
Muslin and Lace Edgings, a great variety,
Ladies and Gentlemens' Gloves, of all kinds,
White and Tan Colored floss skirting,
For sale by J. BROWN,
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, Sept. 26, 1853. 90—

MRS. WOLTERING RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her *Fall* and *Winter Stock* of *Fancy Goods*, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinner-setts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.
Also, *Groceries* of every description. *Musical Instruments, &c.*, which will be sold low for cash.
Just received, a fresh supply of *Confectionaries*.
Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance of the same.
WILHELMINA WOLTERING.
Raleigh, September, 1851. 90—

STEAM REFINED CANDIES, OF VERY SUperior quality for exportation South, at Wholesale prices.
Candies assorted per lb. C.....12 cents.
Candies assorted per lb. B.....15 do
Candies assorted per lb. Fancy.....20 to 25 do
The above Candies we warrant to be equal in every respect to any made in this country, and will keep in any climate. Orders enclosing cash or satisfactory reference promptly forwarded to any part of the United States and the West Indies. SAM'L. H. MARKS & SON.
Petersburg, March 24, 1854. 37—

BLANKETS AND FLANNELS, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4 and 13-4 sup'r Bed Blankets, Crib and Cradle do., White, Blue, Red and Green Mackinaw Blankets,
Negro Blankets—all kinds, Saddle and Horse do.,
White, Red, Yellow, Green and Gray Flannels, all grades,
Fancy French, Flannels for Sacks, all colors,
In store and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

NEGRO GOODS.—KERSEYS OF ALL GRADES, Plaid, Striped and Plain Linseys,
Marlboro' and Gale Stripes and Plaids,
Cotton Osnaburgs and Heavy Shirtings,
Russet & Black Brogans—Heavy Boots, just received and for sale by JAMES McKIMMON.

NORTH-CAROLINA & NORFOLK.—THE PRACTICAL MATTERS would respectfully call the attention of the "Trade" and "Dealers" to their stock of SPRING AND SUMMER HATS,
the largest and best that has ever been offered in Norfolk, and not surpassed by any, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. They are confident that Merchants will find it to their advantage to call before making their purchases. Those that are willing to extend to us their patronage may rely on having Goods, whether of our own Manufacture or Imported, as Fashionable, Fine and Cheap as any Northern Jobber. We earnestly request Merchants to call and be *convinced* that we are prepared and *will* furnish every thing in our line on the best terms.
Ladies' and Misses' Bonnets in great variety. Canes and Umbrellas wholesale.

CEPHALOMETRON!
This beautiful instrument is considered one of the greatest and most useful inventions of the age. It would be impossible, by the minutest description, to give a correct idea of its utility. Hats made by it will fit the most difficult heads, conforming to every protuberance and depression of the cranium, thus preventing the unpleasant feeling of a new Hat and painful headache. We could give you certificates of Physicians and the experience of the Trade, but prefer that all may examine for themselves. No one can properly appreciate its advantages without having one of our superior Hats.
☞ Hats made to order in the most fashionable manner, and without extra charge.
STEVENS & BUTT,
No. 7 Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.
May 11, 1853. 51—tf.

PETERSBURG CLOTHING BAZAAR.—The subscribers having purchased the entire interest of N. Perry in the above celebrated establishment, respectfully announce to the citizens of North-Carolina that they intend to relax no effort to retain the liberal patronage heretofore received from the numerous customers of the Bazaar in the Old North State.
Manufacturing as we do all our own CLOTHING, and one of the firm being constantly in the market, thus having facilities for purchasing our Cloths, Cassimeres, &c., at first hands, and consequently at the lowest rates, we are enabled to compete in prices with Northern houses, while our garments in point of style and workmanship, are not excelled by those of any other house in the State.
It is unnecessary to enumerate the articles of which our stock is composed; suffice it to say that in our rooms may be found every thing pertaining to men's wear, and furnishing goods of the most recent style and in great variety.
Our Custom Department is constantly supplied with the most desirable goods, and those preferring their garments made to order, can here find a large assortment to select from, and with an efficient force of workmen we can get up a single garment or an entire suit at very short notice. A good fit and perfect satisfaction guarantied in every instance.
Our Wholesale Rooms. Merchants visiting the City should not fail to look through our stock, as we have opened an exclusive Wholesale Room, and manufacture largely, expressly for this branch of our trade.
A. S. SHAFER & CO.,
(*Successors to N. Perry.*)
Petersburg, Va., May 5th, 1852. 52—

GREAT EXCITEMENT!—IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms and Worms*: also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.
The prices of Still-caps, Arms and Worms, are as follows: —(by the pound, 37 cents, or by contract)—

7 barrel Still-cap, Arms and Worms,	.....	$400
10	"	"	"	.....	485
12	"	"	"	.....	525
14	"	"	"	.....	585
15	"	"	"	.....	615
16	"	"	"	.....	650
20	"	"	"	.....	695
25	"	"	"	.....	750
30	"	"	"	.....	850
35	"	"	"	.....	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, (fire and burning excepted.) His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost to the purchaser.
JOSEPH WOLTERING.
Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

KEEP A LOOK OUT!—When you see EVANS & COOKE, over the door walk in. No. 29 Cheap place, under the Sky Light, one door above every body. There are so many advertising as being next door to Messrs. Evans & Cooke, we wish you to *look out*.
We have received our entire supply of Goods, consisting of every article kept in a first rate Southern Retail and Wholesale House, and feel confident it would prove to be the interest of all who wish to save in purchases to give our stock an examination before buying. Harding will be at Home in a very few days bringing with him what's nice.
EVANS & COOKE.
Raleigh, March 17, 1854. 25—

JUST ARRIVED AT F. MAHLER'S & CO.
3 doz. Buffaloetongues—a fine article,
200 " Smoked Beef,
200 " Superior Gochen Cheese,
30 boxes Layer and Bunch Raisins, in halfs, quarters and eights,
20 do. Currants, Lemons, Figs, Brandy Peaches, Pickles,
10 Packages Brown Stout, and Scotch Ale,
1 tierce new Rice, superior Vinegar—&c., &c.
☞ Call and see.
Raleigh, Feb. 1, 1854. 22—

NOTICE TO CORN GROWERS.—THE SUBscriber offers for sale a peculiar kind of Corn known as the Canada prolific Corn, which excels any grain ever before offered to the Southern Planters, both for beauty and increase. It is a handsome white corn, and produces from three to eight stalks from each grain, each stalk bearing two to three ears of Corn—and the suckers are as prolific as the original stalk, bearing an equal number of ears. I procured a small quantity of this corn through the mail, and planted nine grains in a common sandy garden, that had never received any other manure than from the stable and barn yard, and the result was eighty-six silks and fifty-eight ears! Had not the drought come upon it at the time it did, several other ears would have matured.
I will send packages of one hundred grains each, postpaid, for one dollar, to any one remitting me that sum; and I feel confident no man who invests this small sum for this Corn will regret the experiment. This is not the "Sucker Corn," that shoots at every joint—this species is as late as the common Indian corn and will grow as tall. All orders to be post-paid and addressed to
ANTHONY DAVIS, Pink Hill P. O., Lenoir Co., N. C., or Williams & Haywood, T. M. 20 Raleigh.
February 23d, 1854. 28—

LEATHER FOR SPRING SALES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—We respectfully inform our friends and the public that we have in store a large and most excellent *Stock of Leather and Findings*, for the Spring Trade, which we will sell as low as any other establishment South of New York, and for less price than they can be had even there, expenses of travelling, freight, &c., considered.
All of our purchases having been made from the Importers and Manufacturers by the whole case or package, and the advantage of receiving Leather regularly from our own Tannery, places it in our power to sell Goods as above stated. Those who wish to buy cannot lose by giving our stock an examination, and we believe we shall be able to please, both as to price and quality. Below we enumerate some of the leading articles viz:
20 dozen of Crawford's Calf Skins (this maker had the premium awarded to him at the World's Fair held in London in 1851.)
40 dozen French Skins, best quality,
40 " American Calf Skins,
90 " Lining and Binding Skins,
10 " Morocco Skins,
800 Sides Oak Tanned and Hemlock Sole Leather,
50 " Band Leather,
Lasts, Boot-Trees, Shoe and Boot Maker's Tools of every kind, Tanner's and Currier's Tools.
Also, Sewed Brogans of our own manufacture, warranted to give satisfaction, and many other articles too numerous to mention, at No. 21, Old street, opposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery. F. A. & R. H. FORD.
N. B. We pay the highest price in cash for Green and Dried Hides delivered to us at our Store.
Petersburg, May 5, 1852. tf.

FACT *VS.* FICTION.—JUST PUBLISHED, THE OLD BREWERY, and the New Mission at the five Points, By the Ladies of the Mission. The Publishers take pleasure in inviting the attention of the moral world to this charming production as one of the most remarkable ever offered to the public; and they confidently present it as one of the most touching and impressive volumes which have fallen from the press since the first issue of Mr. Warren's "Diary of a Physician." The papers composing this work are not mere fancy sketches, written for the purpose of a simple commercial speculation, but the written histories of fallen ones who have been missed; of lost ones who have been reclaimed; of Idleness which has been led to Industry; of Drunkenness which has thrown away the Cup; of Poverty which has put on the garb of Comfort; of Despair which has begun again to Hope; of Ignorance which has crept out of Darkness up to Light; and of Sinful Weakness which has thrown off Falsehood, Crime and Shame, and now walks firmly forth in all a Christian's stre gth. The volume overflows with incidents which are real; with pictures drawn, not from fancy, but from life—the whole invested with a freshness which can only come from the vital fount of truth. As a whole the publishers present it as one of the truthfulest mirrors of human weakness, infirmity and suffering, and of the most sublime and self-sacrificing Christian faithfulness and heroism ever offered to the public. For sale by
HENRY D. TURNER,
N. C. Bookstore,
Raleigh, N. C.
February 8, 1854. 26—

**GROCERIES